出版说明

为了更好地满足义务教育教学的需求,根据山东省教育厅《鲁教基函(2009)6号》文件的精神,山东教育出版社组织编写了这套《义务教育教科书(五四学制)•英语配套练习册》,作为教科书的辅助读物,供五四分段实验区与教科书配套使用。

本书依据《义务教育英语课程标准(2011年版)》和山东教育出版社出版的《义务教育教科书(五四学制)•英语》(六~九年级)编写而成。本书力求充分体现义务教育课程标准的理念和教科书的编写意图,符合五四分段教学实际;紧密联系学生的生活和经验,注重基础知识和基本技能的形成,培养学生的创新精神和实践能力,促进学生在知识与技能、过程与方法、情感态度与价值观诸方面的和谐发展;与教科书内容保持同步,注重对课堂学习的巩固、补充和拓展,内容精练,难度适宜,对教科书的学习有良好的辅助和促进作用。

《义务教育教科书(五四学制)•英语配套练习册》(六~九年级)已经山东省中小学教材审定委员会审查通过。本书七年级下册学科主编:张涛;执行主编:宋纯杰;参加编写的人员有辛建华、杨柳、戚任红、张瑜、王丽娟。

欢迎广大师生在使用过程中提出修改意见和建议,以利于本书的不断改进 和完善。

山东教育出版社

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Do you want to watch a game show?



A	Fill in the blanks with the correct words.
	1. Tom thinks talk shows are more <u>e</u> than soap operas.
	2. We can learn some jokes from s
	3. They had a d about The Voice of China.
	4. He e to learn something from news.
	5. My cousin(计划,打算) to find out the whole thing.
	6. I really can't s the noise.
	7. Let's see what hnext.
	8. Mary is good at telling j
B	Translate the following phrases into English.
	1. 电视节目 2. 不能忍受
	3. 不喜欢4. 不介意,无所谓
	5. 打算做 6. 从学到
	7. 肥皂剧 8. 期待做
	9. 希望做 10. 查明,弄清
	11. 进行关于的讨论 12. 全世界
C	Complete these sentences.
	1. "你觉得谈话节目怎么样?""我不介意。"
	— talk shows?
	—I
	2. 你想看什么?
	What?
	3. 我受不了肥皂剧。
	I soap
	4. 今天你们在课上做什么了?
	What today?
	5. "你想看新闻吗?""不想。"

		— you	news	s?
		—No,	_•	
	6.	今晚你打算看什么?		
		What	plan	tonight?
	7.	你能从喜剧中学到什么?		
		What	from _	?
	8.	你为什么喜欢看体育节目	?	
		Why	like	?
Pa	rt 2	2		
A	Fi	ill in the blanks with th	e correct forms of the	words given.
	1.	Do you want(open) the windows?	
	2.	Tony lives on the	(three) floor.	
	3.	Mr. Green can't	_(stand) the awful food	any more.
	4.	It is time(watc	h) CCTV news.	
	5.	What's(you) fa	avorite movie?	
	6.	My favorite(sin	ng) is Jay Chou.	/**
	7.	Look! They(p	lay) with their friends or	n the playground.
	8.	That girl in green often	helps old people	(do) the housework on weekends.
	9.	Each(student)	wants to be good.	
	10	. Do you know the two _	(woman	n doctor)?
В	W	hat do people think? Us	se the correct forms of	the words in the box that go with
	th	e faces next to the sent	ences.	XT
	1.	Tom <u>loves</u> the p	pop music.	
	2	Ann her n	ew earrings	24 24 24 21
	۵.	Timi ner n	ew carrings.	can't stand don't like
	3.	My brother	_ soap operas.	don't mind
	4	T 1		like
	4.	I sports sh	nows.	love
	5.	Jeff's friend	_ sitcoms.	love
	6.	I game sho	ows.	
C	W	rite the questions. Use	the words in brackets.	
	1.	Q: What do you think of	f sports shows?	(sports shows)
		A: I love them.		
	2.	Q:		(soap operas)
		A: He doesn't like them		

3	8. Q:	(their teacher)
	A: They love her.	
4	. Q:	(the weather)
	A: He can't stand the rain.	
Ę	5. Q:	(Animal World)
	A: Animals are lovely. She likes it very much.	
(5. Q:	(my mp3)
	A: I like your mp3. It's so cool.	
7	7. Q:	(her pen pal)
	A: She doesn't mind her.	
8	3. Q:	(Chinese Cooking)
	A: Oh, I can't stand it. Cooking is for moms.	
Part	3 Complete the conversations.	
1. —	7	?
_	-No, I don't want to watch the news.	
2 . —		?
_	I plan to watch Days of Our Past.	WA-
3 . —		?
_	You can learn some great jokes from comedies.	
4 . —		
	Because I hope to find out what's going on around th	ne world.
5 . —	36	?
	The TV program is very interesting. I enjoy it very	much.
Part	4 Read the passage and then mark True (T) o	r False (F).
Lin:	So what do you want to watch tonight?	
Julia	Anything but sports. I like playing sports but I can'	t stand watching them on TV. It's
	boring.	
Lin:	Oh, I don't mind it at all. How about No Thanks?	That's on soon. I love this sitcom.
	It's so funny.	
Julia	:Me too. Let's have a look at the TV guide Oh n	no, I saw that one last week. How
	about a soap opera? Days and Nights is great and it	's starting soon.
Lin:	Aargh! I can't stand soap operas. They are so stup	oid! Well, the only other thing on
	now is <u>The Late Show</u> . That's not bad. I don't mine	d it. How about you?
Julia	OK, cool. I like talk shows.	
Lin:	Great! Now where is the remote control(遥控器)?	
()1. "Anything but sports" tells us that Julia loves s	ports show.
()2. "That's on soon" tells us the program is going t	o begin.

()	3. Julia doesn't want to watch Days and Nights.	
()4. "The Late Show" is a sitcom.		
()	5. They are going to watch talk shows.	
	0		
	Sec	tion	
	E		
Pa	rt 1		
A	Co	omplete the sentences with the words from Section B.	
	1.	The soap opera is m I can't stand it.	
		Beijing Opera is part of Chinese <u>c</u>	
		I plan to watch a(卡通片) tonight.	
	4.	Jackie Chan a in many action movies.	
	5.	Walt Disney is f for Mickey Mouse.	
	6.	One of the m reasons is that the weather is too cold.	
		He is always <u>r</u> to help other people.	
	8.	I want to be a soldier(士兵,战士) in the <u>a</u> .	
B	Tr	ranslate the following phrases into English.	
	1.	想到,想起 2.80多年前	
	3.	最主要的原因之一4. 在他的早期电影里	
		尝试做 6. 面对任何危险	
		尽最大努力 8. 中国文化的一个象征	
	9.	像一样出名 10. 愿意迅速做某事	
	11	. 乔装打扮 12. 代替, 替换	
	13	. 干得好	
C	Co	omplete the following sentences.	
	1.	有一个非常著名的美国文化的象征是一部卡通卡。	
		A very is	
	2.	当这部卡通片于 1928 年 11 月 18 日在纽约问世时,它是第一部有声音有音乐的卡通。	
		in New York on November 18, 1928, it	
		.	
	3.	他说他实在难以忍受那条腰带。	
		He says he that belt.	
	4.	然而,他时刻准备着奋力一搏。	
		However, he	
	5.	大多数人都想像米奇一样。	
		the people Mickey.	

A

Ch	oose the best answers.		
()1. — do yo	u like the film?	
	—Very much.		
	A. What	B. How	C. Where
()2. What do you	the sitcom?	
	A. think	B. think of	C. think over
()3. —Old people can'	t be beautiful.	
	— <u> </u>		
	A. I don't know		
	B. I am not beaut	iful	
	C. I can't stand th	nat idea	
()4. There are many _	in the school magaz	zine.
	A. shops and ban	ks	
	B. pictures and pl	notos	X
	C. articles and ma	agazines	/,*k
()5. Stuart is a footbal	l player. So he likes	very much.
	A. cooking	B. sports news	C. animals
()6. These are Jay's ne	ew CDs. What do you think	them?
	A. at	B. of	C. on
()7. I don't mind	How about you?	
	A. sport show	B. sports show	C. sports shows
()8. —Yesterday, I wat	ched a movie <i>Harry Potter</i> .	I don't love it. How about you?
	<u> </u>		
	A. I do, too	B. I don't, too	C. I don't, either
(9. —What does Tong	y think of soap operas?	
	—He doesn't mine	d	
	A. them	B. they	C. it
()10. Thanks for	me study English yeste	erday.
	A. help	B. helped	C. helping
()11. —What do you t	hink of the movie <i>The Lord</i>	of the Rings?
	— I it	very much, because it is ve	ry interesting and exciting.
	A. like	B. I don't like	C. can't stand
()12. We are watching	a The soccer pla	ayers are running fast.
	A. game show	B. sports show	C. sitcom
()13. What do you thin	nk of these?	
	A. comedy	B. comedys	C. comedies

A, fifteen-year-old B, fifteen-years old C. fifteen year old ()15. —Do you like to watch Hero? —Yes, I enjoy action movies. A. watch B, to watch C, watching B Fill in the blanks with the words or phrases in the box. stand soap operas think of key ring too how about wallet either kind don't mind 1. I put all my keys together with a and I put my money in my 2. —What do you your PE teacher? —I can't him. How about you? —I But I my math teacher, because he is a little funny. 3. —What of TV show does Tom like? —He likes He often watches them on weekend. And you? —I do But I just watch them sometimes on weekend. Part 3 A Complete the passage with the correct forms of the words given. This week, I asked the students about fashion. I (1) (show) each student six things and asked them about each thing, Some of their answers (2) (be) interesting! Here are their likes and dislikes: Jack Smith likes the key ring. His friend Kevin Jordan says he can't stand the scarf. "It's for moms!" he (3) (say). William Jones loves the wallet, and his classmate Gina Taylor loves the watch. Her best friend Ann Rice (4) (not mind) the watch, but she really likes the sunglasses! Jerry Green also likes the sunglasses. And the coolest thing (5) (be) the belt. Everyone loved it! B Complete the letter with the correct form of the verbs given. Dear Sarah. We are having a wonderful time here! On Monday we went to the science museum. We (1) (see) some spaceships and (2) (buy) things at the museum shop. Then we (3) (have) lunch, and after that we seem shop. Then we (3) (have) lunch, and after that we seem shop. Then we (3) (have) lunch, and after that we	()14. Tom studies at our school. He is a boy.
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(1) (see) some spaceships and (2) (buy) things at the mu-	
	We are having a wonderful time here! On Monday we went to the science museum. We
seum shop. Then we (3) (have) lunch, and after that we	(1) (see) some spaceships and (2) (buy) things at the mu-
	seum shop. Then we (3) (have) lunch, and after that we
(4) (come) back to our hotel. We (5) (write) some post-	(4) (come) back to our hotel. We (5) (write) some post-
cards and I sent(发送) you an email. (6) you (get) it? Yes-	cards and I sent(发送) you an email. (6) you (get) it? Yes-
terday we (7) (take) a bus to the seaside. We (8) (swim)	terday we (7) (take) a bus to the seaside We (8) (swim)
in the sea. It (9) (be) very cold! We (10) (leave) the sea-	
side in the afternoon and (11)(get) back to the hotel in the evening.	in the sea. It (9) (be) very cold! We (10) (leave) the sea-
I hope you are well.	in the sea. It (9) (be) very cold! We (10) (leave) the sea-
Love from Janet	in the sea. It (9) (be) very cold! We (10) (leave) the seaside in the afternoon and (11) (get) back to the hotel in the evening.

A Write the correct letter under each picture.







- a. Q: What do you think of Linda?
 - A: I like her. She's really smart and she loves to read.
- b. Q: Do you like Sarah?
 - A: No, I don't.
 - Q: Why not?
 - A: Well, she's kind of unfriendly. She wears sunglasses at school.
- c. Q: What do you think of Alice?
 - A: Well. I don't mind her, but she isn't my favorite person.
 - Q: Why not?
 - A: She loves classical music. She wears a headscarf. She plays the trumpet. She can't stand pizza...
 - Q: OK! OK!

B Answer the following questions according to the chart.

Name	Sports World	Chinese Cooking	Man and Nature	Modern English	International News
Jim	00	(° c)			(° c)
Lucy	60			<u> </u>	
Mike	<u> </u>				
Ann		000	© °	<u> </u>	•••

1. What does Jim think of International News?

2.	What does Ann think of Chinese Cooking?
3.	Does Mike like Man and Nature?
4.	What does Lucy love?
5.	What do Lucy and Mike both love?
Part 5	
and di	islikes. Use the words given,
like, d	lon't like, love, can't stand, don't mind
	on time, 1010, can't bland, don't mind
	1X- XX-
	125

I'm going to study computer science.



\boldsymbol{H}	Complete the sentences with the words	Hom Section A.
	1. Is it interesting to be a c prog	rammer?
	2. He is going to be an(工程师)	when he grows up.
	3. Jimmy is the captain of the school base	ball <u>t</u>
	4. I'm going to be a(小提琴手).	~X .
	5. He often writes a for newspap	pers.
	6. Lang Lang is a famous p	
	7. Do you like to be a(记者) wh	nen you grow up?
	8. She is studying m very hard,	because she wants to be a doctor.
B	Fill in the blanks with the proper form	ns of the words given.
	1. The little girl doesn't want(g	row) up.
	2. The two engineers(be) study	ing a difficult programme.
	3. The young writer is sure about his two	(article).
	4. The woman likes(cook) and :	she is good at it.
	5. The film introduces many(un	iversity).
\mathbf{C}	Translate the phrases into English.	
	1. 上表演课	2. 长大
	3. 擅长做某事	4. 继续做某事
	5. 努力学数学	6. 写文章
	7. 念完高中和大学	8. 研究计算机科学
	9. 确信	10. 确保,查明
D	Complete the sentences.	
	1. 你长大了想要干什么? What	when you
	2. 我想我要当一名工程师。I think I'm _	an engineer.
	3. 你会怎么做呢?	you
	4. 我会非常努力地学习数学。I	very hard.
	5. 并不是每个人都知道他们想要干什么。	what they

	6. 只要你确实尽力就好。Just
	7. 你打算什么时候开始? When?
	8. 你打算在哪儿工作? Where?
Pa	art 2 Complete the sentences with be going to plus one of the verbs in the box.
	eat do give lie-down stay walk wash watch wear
1.	My hands are dirty. I them.
	What you to the party tonight?
	I don't want to go home by bus. I
	John is going to London next week. He with some friends.
	I'm hungry. I this sandwich.
	It's Sharon's birthday next week. We her a present.
7.	Sue says she's feeling very tired. She to have a rest.
8.	There's a good film on TV this evening you it?
	What Rachel when she leaves school?
Pa	art 3
A	Complete the conversation with the correct sentences in the box. One sentence is
	extra.
	A. What are you going to be when you grow up, Chi?
	B:1
	A: Are you going to move to Hollywood?
	B: No, I'm going to move to New York.
	A:2
	B: Well, I'm going to take acting lessons.
	A:3
	B: I'm going to finish high school and college first.
	A. When are you going to start?
	B. I'm going to be an actor.
	C. And how are you going to become an actor?
	D. Are you going to be an actor?
В	Rewrite the sentences as required.
	1. Paris sounds like a city that I could enjoy. (改为否定句)
	Paris
	I could enjoy.
	2. They have many fashion shows there. (改为一般疑问句)
	they have there?
	3. I'm going to be a professional basketball player when I grow up. (对画线部分提问)

	Ur	nit 2 I'm going to st	udy computer science.
	you		wher
you grow up?			
4. She's going to buy a	oig house with the m	oney she saved. (对匪	面线部分提问)
	she		with th
money she saved?			
rt 4			
Choose the best answe	r for each blank.		
Hello, everyone, I'r	n Wang Li. Now let	me1 you m	y dream job. I'm goin
to be an docto	or because I like anim	nals very much.	can I be a docto
for animals? First, I'm g	oing to study4_	now at school. Th	nen I'm going to go to
5 university	6 more about a	animals. After I leave	e university, I'm going
to7 a job8	a doctor in an ar	nimal hospital. After n	nany years, I'm going to
retire9 beaut	ful. I'm going to b	ouild a big garden a	nd I'm going to keep
10 animals in the	ne garden. Wow, I f	eel excited!	
()1. A. telling	B. tell	C. to tell	D. tells
()2. A. children	B. child	C. animal	D. animals
()3. A. How	B. What	C. When	D. Where
()4. A. hardly	B. hardly ever	C. hard	D. hardest
()5. A. big	B. small	C. the	D. famous
()6. A. to learn	B. learn	C. learning	D. learns
()7. A. to find	B. find	C. to look for	D. look for
()8. A. be	B. am	C. as	D. for
()9. A. nowhere	B. somewhere	C. anywhere	D. everywhere
()10. A. a lot	B. lot of	C. a lots of	D. many
Fill in the blanks with	the words in the b	ox,	
stay visit take sigh	tseeing afternoon	have likes watch	cinema shopping
	A Busy V	Veekend	
There is going to be	a very busy weekend	l. On Friday, my frie	end Ben and I are goin
to (1) the	plane to England. V	Ve are going to do so:	me (2)
On Saturday morning, w	re are going to (3) _	London.	. We are going to visi
the British Museum as	nd (4)	_ dinner in a Chi	nese restaurant. Be
		ne afternoon, we	
(6) Afte	the film, we are go	ing to do some (7) _	I'm go
ing to buy some presents	for my friends. On	Sunday morning, we	e are going to visit th
Hyde Park. Ben likes E	nglish culture. On S	Sunday (8)	, we are going to
(9) a foot	ball match. In the ev	vening, we are going	to (10)
in the hotel. I'm going t	o check my email. W	e are going back hor	ne on Monday.



A	Com	plet	te the sentences v	vith	the wor	ds fron	n Sec	tion B.		
	1. W	hat	are your New Yea	ır's <u>r</u>		?				
	2. I	р	I'm going t	o stu	dy math	hard.				
	3. D	о уо	u have a favorite s	3	(科	目) in s	chool	!?		
	4. A	re y	ou going to learn a	anoth	ier <u>f</u>	la	nguag	ge?		
	5. W	e ne	eed to do a lot of e	exerci	se every	day to	keep	<u>h</u>		
	6. P	lease	e(讨论)	in g	roups.					
	7. H	[er <u>h</u>	are pain	ting	and danc	ing.				
	8. I	don'	t understand the r	n	of	this ser	ntence	e .		
В			e the phrases int				•			
					_		2. \leq	多做运动		
			 子成绩				4. I	乞更健康——	与的食物	Ţ
			单钢琴		<i>S.</i>		6. j	司意,赞成_	.(^	7
			F始一个兴趣爱好				8. 5	太而不能	长	
					_					
	11. 7	写下		\						
C			e the sentences.					1///		
		_	定明年要于什么?_				20	D.		next year?
			· 『要学一门外语。				71	XT .	a f	oreign language.
			7在新年伊始下决心	<u></u>	我们希望	能改善	我们	的生活。		0 0 0
			we							
			*************************************							?
			可不同之处,大多数							·
			ugh					ns		
Pa	rt 2		<u> </u>							
		nse 1	the best answers.							
4 1	(—What is he goi			wher	he	un'	7	
		/1.	—He's going to			*********	_ IIC _	up	•	
			A. do; grow)WS	C	he: grow	D	he. grows
	()2	He's going to pra						υ,	be, grows
		, 4.	A. play					playing	D	the
	()3	I'm going to be _				·.	praying	υ.	
	`	, 0.	A. an		a engi		С	the	D	/
	()4.	She is going to ta			lessons				
	`	, -•	A. music		acting			dancing		basketball

	(()5. He's going to be a computer programme	er when he	college.						
		A. finishes B. starts	C. left	D. begins						
	()6. Sometimes the resolutions may be too d	ifficult							
		A. keeping B. keeps	C. to keep	D. keep						
	()7. My uncle has many hobbies like	•							
		A. draw B. painting	C. to paint	D. takes photos						
	()8. She wants to go to America and she's go	oing to study Eng	lish						
		A. at this reason	B. on the reason							
		C. for this reason	D. in the reason							
	(9. He's going to travel the world	l.							
		A. all of B. through	C. all over	D. from						
	()10. I'm going to write articles and send	magazines	and newspapers.						
		A. it to B. they to	C. them for	D. them to						
B	Re	Rewrite the sentences as required.								
	1.	. Many resolutions are about self-improvement. (改为同义句)							
		Many resolutions	self-imp	provement.						
	2.	2. The twin sisters are going to the park tonight.	(改为否定句)	MY						
		The twin sisters going to the park tonight.								
	3.	. She is going to Beijing by train. (对画线部分提问)								
		she going to Beijing?								
	4.	. There are over one hundred boys on the playgr	ound.(改为同义句	1)						
		There are one hun	idred boys on the	playground.						
Pa	rt 3	3 XX-	No.							
A	Fi	Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the	ne words in the l	oox.						
		do grow somewhere what how be join get								
	1	. What are you going to when you		n?						
	2.									
		B. I'm going to move beautiful and quiet.								
		. He likes to do be wants to do.								
		5. My brother wants to a part-time		up.						
		6. He is going to a soccer team nex								
В		Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of th		ets.						
		. What are you going (be) when y								
		2. How are you going (do) that?	·							
		B. I'm going to practice (play) bask	setball every day.							
		When he (grow) up, he's going to		(want) to do.						
		o. The old man enjoys (live) somew								
		5. She's going to take (act) lessons								
		7. He wants (find) a part-time job.								
		3. When did you learn (play) the v								

	9. The girls are going to exercise more	(keep) fit.	
	10. —Shall we go to the movies tonight?		
	—That (sound) interest	ing.	
\mathbf{C}	Fill in the blanks with the correct form	s of the words in brackets.	
	Miss Red and Miss Green were two far	mous artists in the town. Their drawings	were
	very popular, but they tried to see whose p	pictures were better.	
	One day, they asked an old painter	(1)(be) the judge. Miss	Red
	(2)(draw) an apple tree. Sh		
	came to eat the apples. The old painter (3	(see) it and said, "You	will
	win. I don't think Miss Green can draw		
	(4)(go) to Miss Green's hou	use. There was nothing in the room but a	a red
	beautiful curtain(窗帘) on the wall. The	old painter asked, "Where (5)	
	(be) your picture, Miss Green?""(6)	(lift) the curtain and you will	find
	my picture." The old painter (7)	(try) to lift the curtain,	but
	(8)(find) it was drawn there	2. The curtain was Miss Green's picture.	The
	old painter said, "Birds thought apples wer	re real. A man (9)(think)) the
	curtain was real. So Miss Green, you (10)	(win). Your picture is bett	ter. "
Pa	rt 4	414	
A	Read the email and choose the best ans	wers.	
	To: Becky@yahoo.com	- VAV	
	Subject: Holiday	707	
	Hi Becky.	XX-"	
	It's only Tuesday but I'm already thinking o	bout the weekend!	
	We're going to visit London with our teach	ers Class 2B and my class are going to	
	travel together. We're going to leave at se	,	
	arrive in London two hours later. We're	going to do some sightseeing in the	
	morning. We're going to see Trafalgar Squar		
	Museum. At lunch time we're going to have		
	good! But I'm looking forward to the aftern boat. We're going to take the boat in the o		
	visit the Maritime Museum. And then we're		
	Hook. I don't think we're going to be bac		
	before midnight, our teacher says. I think	I'm going to sleep on the bus! But we	
	don't go to school on Sunday, so I'm going	to stay in bed on Sunday morning.	
	What are you going to do this weekend?		
	Love,		
	Rachel		

		Unit	2 I'm goir	ng to study	computer science.
()1. Rachel	is going to go to	o London			
	Tuesday	B. tomorrow		on Saturda	ıy
()2. She's g	going to travel w				
	roup from schoo				
B. her	family				
C. Cla	ss 3B				
()3. She's g	going to have lur	nch			
A. in a	a restaurant	B. on a boat	C.	in the park	<u>.</u>
()4. She's g	going to go to th	e theatre	·		
A. in	the morning	B. in the eve	ening C.	on Sunday	
()5. Rachel	is looking forwa	ard to	_•		
A. the	boat trip	B. the muse	um C.	lunch in th	ie park
Read the passag	ge, tick (\checkmark) t	he correct an	swers in th	e chart and	d then fill in the
blanks.		(15)	•		
Kim made so	ome New Year's	resolutions th	is year. Firs	t, she's goin	ng to learn to play
the piano. She's	going to take pi	ano lessons an	d practice ev	very day. N	ext, she wants to
get good grades.	She's going to	study harder	and she's g	oing to do	all her homework
before she watch	es TV. Finally,	she wants to	learn a new	language. S	She's going to buy
some Japanese C	Ds and practice t	them at home.			
Kim's broth	er Danny made s	ome New Year	's resolution	s this year,	too. He wants to
become fit, so h	e's going to ex	ercise more ar	nd eat healt	hier food.	He also wants to
improve his Engl	ish. He's going	to get a pen p	al in the Ur	nited States	or Australia, and
he's going to wri	te letters in Eng	lish to his pen	pal. When	Danny grow	vs up, he wants to
be an engineer.	So he's going to	work harder i	n his math a	nd science c	lasses.
	Kim wants to		Yes	No	
	1. learn to play t	he guitar			
	2. study harder				
	3. watch more T	V			

В

7.	Kim and Danny made some New Year's	this year.		
8.	If Kim wants to get good grades, she has to	and	do all her	homework
	watching TV.			

4. learn a new language

5. go to Japan

6. buy some CDs

9. K	Kim is going to buy some Japanese CDs for
10.	Danny is going to do more exercise and eat healthier food to
11.	Danny is going to get a pen pal from the USA or Australia his English.
12.	If Danny wants to become an engineer, he has to be good at and
Part 5 include:	Write a short passage about what you are going to do in the future. It should what, when, how, first, next

Will people have robots?

Section

A	Fill in the blanks with the correct words.
	1 (机器人) can help us do some hard work now.
	2. There are more and more tall(建筑物) in this city.
	3. Would you please tell us how to(使用) the card?
	4(每件东西) here is free. You can choose for yourself.
	5. Do you want to make a <u>p</u> about your life in 10 years?
	6. Sometimes <u>p</u> the future is a difficult thing.
	7. Five years ago Sally was in high school, but now she's a <u>c</u> student.
	8. The more cars and buses there are, the more <u>p</u> there will be.
B	Translate the phrases into English.
	1. 在电脑上学习 2. 活到 200 岁
	3. 更多的人 4. 更少的污染
	5. 未来 6. 处于极大危险中
	7. 搬到其它星球上 8. 住在地球上
	9. 参与(某事) 10. 拯救地球
C	Translate these sentences into English.
	1. "你认为将来人们的家里会有机器人吗?""是的,会有的。"
	—Do you?
	—Yes,
	2. 将来会变成什么样子?
	What?
	3. 城市将会受到更多的污染,树也会变得更少。
	There in cities, and there
	4. "100年后,人们还会用钱吗?""不会,每样东西都会是免费的。"
	— people?
	—No, they Everything will be free.
	5. 学生将在家里用电脑学习。
	Students
	6 每个人都应参与到拯救地球中来

B

 \mathbf{C}

		Every	one		_•	
	7.	环境料	身处于极大的危险 。	‡ 。		
		The e	nvironment		•	
Pa	rt 2	2				
A	Fi	ll in t	he blanks with <i>f</i>	ewer, less or mo	re.	
			•		etrees	
				re will be		
					there will be	people.
				popular th		1 1 1
					here, and humans w	vill have
			to do.			
	6.	There	e will be	free time whe	n people retire.	
					ople ride bikes more	often?
					imals, but more zoo:	
В					orms of the verbs g	
		_			and two books on the	
				_ (not be) less fre		//k ^y
				sit) my uncle tomo		11/2
					natch in our school n	ext week.
	5.	Не		(help) you with you	ur English this eveni	ng.
	6.	They	.275	_ (play) soccer if it (have) a meeting in	doesn't rain.	
	7.	We _	XX-"	(have) a meeting ir	n two hours.	
	8.	They		_ (not leave) until	the movie is over.	
				(clea	n) the kitchen.	
	10	. Sally		_ (play) tennis fiv	e years ago.	
\mathbf{C}	Cl	hoose 1	the best answers,			
	()1.	She will be	better after ta	king a few days' rest	
			A. more	B. very	C. great	D. a lot
	()2.	There will be	pollution. 7	The water will be clea	aner.
			A. much	B. less	C. many	D. fewer
	()3.	The weather rep	ort says the rain	tomorrow.	
			A. is stopping	B. stops	C. will stop	D. can stop
	()4.	You can study _	the comput	ter home _	the future.
			A. on; at; at	B. on; at; in	C. in; at; in	D. on; in; at
	()5.	There won't be a	any bread	meat in the fridge.	
			A. and	B. either	C. but	D. or
	()6.	She will be a tea	cher two	months.	
			A. on	B. after	C. in	D. at
	()7	Please nass me to			

	A. pieces of paper B. pieces of papers
	C. pieces paper D. piece papers
	()8. will the world be different in 100 years?
	A. What B. How C. Where D. When
	()9. Her bike is different mine, but the same the boy's.
	A. with; to B. from; to C. from; as D. with; as
	()10. My favorite sport is
	A. soccer B. the violin C. computers D. drawing
Pa	rt 3
A	What will your life be like in the future? Write the answers to the questions.
	Example: What sport will you play? I will play table tennis.
	1. Where will you live?
	2. What job will you have?
	3. What food will you like?
	4 W/I . :11 1 :
	5. What country will you visit?
В	Complete the conversation. Use the correct forms of the words in the box.
D	
	crowd few more a lot everyone else little another good
	Woman: OK, I want to hear (1) predictions about the future.
	Girl 1: Well, I think there will be more people.
	Woman: More people? OK, what (2)?
	Boy 1: I think there will be (3) free time.
	Woman: I hope not!
	Girl 2: I think there will be (4)cars.
	Woman: You do?
	Girl 2: Yes, people will take the subways (5)
	Woman: That's a good idea. Let's hear (6) prediction.
	Boy 2: There will be less pollution.
	Woman: That will be (7) for the earth!
	Girl 1: I think there will be fewer trees. I think cities will be really big and (8)
	because there will be (9) more people.
	Section
	В
Pa	rt 1
A	Fill in the blanks with the correct words.
	1. I'll fly(火箭) to the moon and mars.
	2. I went to the UK last year and f in love with it.

	3.	He wants to be an a like Yang Liwei when he grows up.							
		My uncle lives in a big(公寓).							
	5.	She(或许) know the girl in a white skirt.							
	6.	The robots can work in some(危险的) places.							
	7.	Which country will w the next World Cup?							
		John(不同意) with his parents.							
	9.	There are many children(放) kites on the grass.							
	10	. In the future, there will be fewer workers in some(工厂).							
В	Translate these phrases into English.								
	1.	电脑程序师 2. 住在一所宽敞的公寓里							
	3.	在空间站 4. 多次,反复地							
		能够唱歌6. 许多,大量							
	7.	突然倒下,跌倒 8. 寻找,寻求							
	9.	同意某人(意见) 10. 感觉无聊							
C		omplete the sentences. Use the correct forms of the words given.							
	1.	The TV play was too long and(bore), I soon got(bore).							
	2.	We can't finish the work today. It's(possible) to finish it today.							
		3. James White(believe) that there will be more robots in the future.							
	4.	4. New robots will have many different(shape).							
	5.	My brother wants to buy the T-shirt, but my mother(agree).							
		Maybe the boy will go skating and(swim) tomorrow.							
	7.	Some(science) believe there will be more robots in people's homes in the fu-							
		ture.							
	8.	After I moved to the new house, I felt more(comfort).							
	9.	At last his dream didn't come(true), so he felt very unhappy.							
	10.	. There were many famous(predict) in the world.							
D	Re	ewrite the sentences as required.							
	1.	There will be less pollution in our city. (改为一般疑问句)							
		there less pollution in our city?							
	2.	There will be more highways in 2 years. (改为否定句)							
		There more highways in 2 years.							
	3.	They will take cars to go sightseeing. (对画线部分提问)							
		they do?							
	4.	We will have a relaxing vacation <u>next month</u> . (对画线部分提问)							
		we have a relaxing vacation?							
	5.	My good friend will live <u>in Beijing</u> in ten years. (对画线部分提问)							
		will good friend live in ten years?							
E	Co	omplete the sentences.							
	1.	你认为 100 年之后的生活会是什么样?							

20

		What do you think in 100 years?
	2.	我认为机器人不会替我们做所有的事情。
		I robots will do
	3.	他喜欢安静地独居。
		He likes quietly.
	4.	这间房子将比那一间舒服许多。
		This room than that one.
	5.	我们从来不知道未来会发生什么。
		We never know
	6.	多年前他是一名电脑程序师吗?
		he a many years ago?
Pa	rt 2	
A	Ch	noose the best answers.
	()1. I think there be more libraries in two years.
		A. don't; will B. /; won't C. will; don't D. won't; /
	()2. Listen! I hear someone the guitar in the room.
		A. playing B. to play C. play D. plays
	()3. I often see them football on the playground.
		A. playing B. to play C. play D. plays
	()4. This coat doesn't fit him well, as he has a huge body and the coat is
		small.
		A. so; such B. so; so C. such; such D. such; so
	()5. —How many birds can you see in the trees?
		— I can see birds in them.
		A. hundreds of B. five hundreds
		C. hundred of D. five hundreds of
	()6. I hope your dream will
		A. come true B. come out C. come in D. come on
	()7. He seems
		A. happily B. happy C. happiness D. to happy
	()8. It that everyone here smiling.
		A. seems; loves B. seem; love C. seems; love D. seem; loves
	()9. It's sunny today, it is very cold.
		A. Although B. But C. So D. However
	()10. I will live in an apartment my best friends.
		A. with B. to C. in D. for
B		omplete the sentences. Use the correct forms of the words given.
		There are many tall (build) in my town.
		There will be (little) pollution in the air of our city than today.
	3.	I want to buy two (toothbrush) at a time.

4. This is an (1	oleasant) story.						
5. Who (write)	5. Who (write) the letter yesterday?						
6. I (fall) in love with the computer when I used it for the first time.							
7. As a (report	7. As a (report), I think I'll meet many interesting people.						
8. I will probably go skating a	and ((swim) every day.					
9. There are five boys	(wait) for	you outside.					
10. I wanted to buy the shirt,	but my mother	(agree).					
C Look at the picture and cor	nplete the sentenc	ces. Use the words	in the box.				
space station astronaut roc	ket Mars pollut	ion interesting mo	oon				
A: What do you think your li	fe will be like in te	n years?					
B: Oh, I think I'll 1		_•					
A: Really? Are you kidding?							
B: No, I'm serious. I'll fly 2.	to 1	the Co					
3 and 4	X						
A: Where will you live?	/, k>		1 Service Serv				
B: I'II live in a 5	11/2-		~X .				
I predict that 6.	7///	·	\k\				
Part 3 Choose the best answer	for each blank.		9-				
Tom and Jack are talking abo	ut the year 2060."	What will your worl	d be1 in				
the year 2060?" asks Tom. "I don	t know," says Jack	. "What do you	2?" "Well, no				
one knows, but it's interesting to	3 " "	4 the year 2060	everyone will carry				
a pocket computer. The5	will give us the ar	nswers 6 the	e questions. ""A lot				
of people7 work under	the sea." "We sha	all have robots8	our homes."				
"Machines will do 9 of w	ork, so people will	10 more ho	olidays."				
()1. A. like	B. look	C. look like	D. /				
()2. A. do	B. like	C. think	D. feel				
()3. A. see	B. know	C. hear	D. guess				
()4. A. On	B. In	C. At	D. Of				
()5. A. pocket	B. computer	C. people	D. year				
()6. A. of	B. at	C. for	D. to				
()7. A. live	B. lives	C. living	D. will				
()8. A. with	B. on	C. in	D. under				
()9. A. many	B. any	C. lot	D. lots				
()10. A. have	B. be	C. has	D. is				
Don't 4							

A Read the passage and choose the best answers.

Today people can use the phone to talk with others almost anywhere on the earth. But when you use the phone, you don't see the person you are talking with. That may change in the near future.

Today some people are using a kind of telephone called the picture phone or vision phone. With it, two people who are talking can see each other.

Picture phones can be useful when you have something to show the person you're calling. They may have other uses in the future. One day you may be able to ring up a library and ask to see a book. Then you'll be able to read the book right over your picture phone. Or you may be able to go shopping through your picture phone. If you see something in the newspaper that you think you want to buy, you can go to your phone and call the shop. People at the shop will show you the thing you're interested in right over the phone. You will be able to shop all over town and never even leave your room!

phone. Y	ou will be able to shop all over town ar	nd never even leave your room!
()1.	Today people can use the phone to talk	with others
	A. in all the towns	B. in some places in the world
	C. only in big cities	D. almost anywhere on the earth
()2.	The underlined word "it" in the second	l paragraph means
	A. the picture phone	B. any phone
	C. the use	D. the change
()3.	We can through the pict	ure phone according to (根据) the text.
	A. write a book	B. do shopping
	C. play games	D. have classes
()4.	Which is NOT true according to the pa	assage?
	A. Today some people are using a kind	of telephone called the picture phone or
	vision phone.	17.
	B. With the picture phone, two people	e can't see each other.
	C. The phone is very useful.	XXX-
	D. Today people can use the phone to	talk with others almost everywhere on
	the earth.	
Read the	e passage and complete the sentences	•
Man	y people go to school for education. T	hey learn languages, history, politics,
math and	so on. Others go to learn a skill so tha	t they can make a living. School educa-
tion is ve	ry important and useful. Yet, no one car	n learn everything from school. A teach-
er can't t	each his or her students everything. Th	e teacher's job is to show students how
to learn.	The teacher teaches them how to read a	nd how to think. So the students them-
selves sha	all learn much more outside school.	
1. As a s	student, we go to school for	.
2. Jim wa	ants to find a job, at first, he'd better g	go to school

3. If we want to know the development of our country, we must learn

is the best student.

4. In class, the role (角色) of a teacher is _____

В

well.

5. The student who ___

A	What will life in the world be like in 100 years? Make predictions about the
	things in brackets and give a reason for each one.
	Example: (money) People won't use money, because everything will be free.
	1. (trees)
	2. (tall buildings)
	3. (pollution)
	4. (space station)
	5. (free time)
В	Suppose you are a designer of a future robot. What kind of robot will you design?
	Please explain your ideas about it in 60 words.
	Trease explain your recas about it in ou words,
	XX-

How do you make a banana milk shake?

Section
A

Do	nt	1
Ри	11	

A	Complete the sentences with the words from Section A.	
	1. Do you like bananas or(西瓜)?	
	2. What(水果) do you usually have after supper?	
	3. Can you(倒) the water into the bottle?	
	4. Can you(削) an apple for the little child?	
	5. Do you like to make milk shake or to(喝) it?	
B	Translate the phrases into English.	
	1. 做水果沙拉 2. 两勺蜂蜜	
	3. 一杯酸奶 4. 香蕉奶昔	
	5. 切开 6. 打开搅拌器	
	7. 把加到 8. 把倒进	
	9. 剥香蕉皮 10. 把混合到一起	
\mathbf{C}	Complete the sentences.	
	1. 我们需要多少酸奶?	
		do we need?
	2. 把爆米花放进爆米花机里。	
	the	·
	3. 让我们制作水果沙拉吧。	
	Let's	
	4. 然后加入卷心菜、西红柿和圆葱,再煮10分钟。	
	Then	10 minutes.
	5. 最后,不要忘了加些盐。	
	Finally,	
Pa	rt 2	
A	Complete the sentences with much or many plus one of the words in	the box.
	books countries people time times	
	1. I don't read very much. I haven't got	
	2. Be quick! We must hurry. We haven't got	

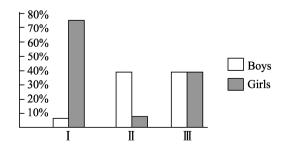
She is new here so she doesn't know I know Paris very well. I've been (去过) there
it in make or do in the correct form.
I hate housework, especially cleaning.
Why do you always the same mistake?
Let's a list of all the things we have to today.
The last time I an exam was ten years ago.
There's something wrong with the car. The engine is a strange noise.
ewrite the sentences as required.
He needs <u>two</u> cups of apple juice. (对画线部分提问)
of apple juice he?
You can eat some apples.(改为否定句)
You eat apples.
We like tomatoes.(改为一般疑问句)
you tomatoes?
Check your answers again. (改为否定句)
your answers again.
Do you like chicken sandwiches? (作否定回答)
omplete the instructions with the words or phrases in the box.
first cup finally put cut up spoons
mist cup many put cut up spoons
How to Make Fruit Salad
How to Make Fruit Salad
How to Make Fruit Salad (1), you get a big bowl and all your ingredients(原料,材料). Then you (2) four bananas and four apples. (3) the
How to Make Fruit Salad (1), you get a big bowl and all your ingredients(原料,材料). Then you (2) four bananas and four apples. (3) the
How to Make Fruit Salad (1), you get a big bowl and all your ingredients(原料,材料). Then you (2) four bananas and four apples. (3) the fruit in the bowl. Put in two (4) of honey and a (5) of yogurt. (6), mix it all up.
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How to Make Fruit Salad (1), you get a big bowl and all your ingredients(原料,材料). Then you (2) four bananas and four apples. (3) the fruit in the bowl. Put in two (4) of honey and a (5) of yogurt. (6), mix it all up. complete the following recipe with the words in the box. pour turn on blender yogurt peel spoons Here's a Recipe for a Great Milk Shake!
How to Make Fruit Salad (1), you get a big bowl and all your ingredients(原料,材料). Then you (2) four bananas and four apples. (3) the fruit in the bowl. Put in two (4) of honey and a (5) of yogurt. (6), mix it all up. Domplete the following recipe with the words in the box. pour turn on blender yogurt peel spoons Here's a Recipe for a Great Milk Shake! First, (1) two bananas, then cut them up and put them in the
How to Make Fruit Salad (1), you get a big bowl and all your ingredients(原料,材料). Then you (2) four bananas and four apples. (3) the fruit in the bowl. Put in two (4) of honey and a (5) of yogurt. (6), mix it all up. complete the following recipe with the words in the box. pour turn on blender yogurt peel spoons Here's a Recipe for a Great Milk Shake!

 Cut up the apples.
 Drink the milk shake.
 Pour the milk into the blender.
 Put the apples and yogurt into the blender.
 Peel three apples.
Pour the milk shake into a cup

A Complete the conversation with the correct sentences in the box. One sentence is extra.

- A: Let's make fruit salad.
- B: OK. Do you have bananas?
- A: Yes, I do.
- B: 1
- A: Three.
- B: OK. __2___
- A: A watermelon. And we need some sugar, apples, yogurt and ...
- B: 3
- A: A cup. Let me see, what else do we need? 4
- B: I think so. How many oranges do we need?
- A: Only one. And we need honey.
- B: How much honey do we need?
- A: Two spoons.
- B: This is going to taste great!
 - A. How much yogurt do we need?
 - B. Where are your oranges?
 - C. Oh, do you have any oranges?
 - D. What else?
 - E. How many bananas do we need?

B Read the chart and choose the best answers.



The above chart (图表) shows the different reading habits between boys and girls.

I. Fashion (时装) magazines

	${ m I\hspace{1em}I}$.	Spor	ts magazines				
	${ m I\hspace{1em}I}$.	New	spapers				
	()1.	What do girls like b	est?			
			A. Newspapers.	B. Spots magazines.	C.	Fashion magazir	nes.
	()2.	boys like s	sports magazines	_ girls.		
			A. More; than	B. Fewer; than	C.	The same numb	er; as
	()3.	Who likes reading n	ewspapers?			
			A. Only boys.	B. Only girls.	C.	All students.	
	()4.	of boys like	ke reading fashion magazi	nes.		
			A. More than 70%	B. More than 10%	C.	About 6%	
	()5.	of girls lik	e reading sports magazin	ies.		
			A. About 75%	B. More than 50%	C.	About 8%	
(0						
	Sect	ion					
	В			74			
Pa	rt 1			. 17/17		74	
A	Co	mplet	te the sentences with	h the words from Secti	on B.		
	1.	How	many(西红柿) do we need to m	nake a sala	nd?	
	2.	Do yo	ou like eating	(鸡肉)?			
	3.	What	do we need to do unt	til(最后) v	we get a fi	uit salad?	
	4.	Do yo	ou think it difficult to	make a chicken s	1///2	¥	
	5.	Where	e does((黄油) come from?	TA		
	6.	Manŷ	foreigners(外国人) 1	ike Chinese/tre	ə'dı∫ənl/ f	ood very much.	
	7.	They	will have a party to _	/'selibreit/ Tha	nksgiving		
	8.	When	it is ready,	_(覆盖) the turkey with	gravy.		
	9.	Please	e(提供,服务	f) the food to the children	en.		
	10.	Cook	k it at a very high	/'temprətʃə/ for a	long time.		
B	Tra	anslat	e the phrases into l	English.			
	1.	两片邓	鸟肉	2的	理由		
	3.	对	·表示感谢	4. 另一片	面包		
	5.	在第四	四个周四				
	7.	7. 把混合到一起 8. 把鸡肉切成薄片					
	9.	以很高	· 高的温度			的冬季	
C	Co	mplet	e the sentences.				
	1.	 首先,	在一片面包上抹些黄	油。			
		First,					bread
							_
		Then,					
	3.	把西纟	 I.柿片放在面包上。				

		Put on the bread
	4.	下一步,再加两片鸡肉。
		Next,
	5.	最后,把另一片面包放在顶上。
		, put of bread on top of it.
Pa	rt 2	
A	Cł	hoose the best answers.
	()1. How he make a sandwich?
		A. do B. does C. is D. was
	()2. You need three bananas and you need to
		A. cut up them C. cut in pieces
		C. cut them up D. cut it up
	(3 the milk into the blender.
		A. Pour B. Pouring C. Add D. Putting
	()4 do you need?
		A. How much apple B. How many apples
		C. How much onions D. How many yogurt
	()5 does he drink every day?
		A. How much yogurt B. How many milk
		C. How much teaspoons of honey D. How many milk shake
	()6. Let'svegetable salad.
		A. making B. to make C. make D. eating
	()7. First cut up the tomatoes and then with sugar.
		A. mix up it B. mix up them C. mix them up D. eat them
	()8. It's getting dark (黑暗). Would you please the light?
		A. turn off B. turn on C. turn down D. turn up
	(9. Finally, put piece of bread on top.
		A. other B. others C. another D. an other
	()10. Can you tell me make a sandwich?
		A. how can I B. how do I C. how will I D. how I can
B		omplete the sentences with the correct forms of the words in brackets.
		Jane plays the piano very (good) in our class.
		Our maths homework is very (easy).
		They are working (hard) to learn how to swim.
		Don't go near the river—it isn't (safe).
		Lorna cooks (bad).
		He (quick) put the money back in the box.
		The store will open (early) next year.
		We all listen to the teacher (careful) in class.
	9	I went into the room (quiet)

10. My shoes are very _____ (cheap).

\mathbf{A}	Complete the	passage with	the correct	forms of	the words	in the bo	OX.
7	Complete the	pussuse with	the correct	TOTHIS OF	the words	III CIIC K	•

	an finally pieces first next another t	hen add piece on
	Here's a recipe for a chicken sandwich!	
	(1), put the butter o	n a (2) of bread.
	(3) cut up (4) onic	
	to the sandwich. (6), put some	lettuce and two (7) of
	chicken on the sandwich. Put the relish (8)	
	put (10) piece of bread on the top).
B	Write sentences with the words and phrases	given.
	1. Beijing / Weihai / big Beijing is bigger than	Weihai.
	2. London / Shanghai/ cool in summer	
	3. Hong Kong / Dalian / busy	
	4. an elephant / a monkey / strong	
	5. my dictionary / your dictionary / new	XX
	6. table tennis / football / popular	
	7. swimming / running / tiring	- 4/4
	8. cars / bicycles / dangerous	
	9. running / football / relaxing	<i></i>
	10. swimming / running / expensive	
	11. table tennis / fishing / exciting	ALC: N
	12. skiing / running / special	ZV.
Pa	art 4	(- "
A	Choose the best answer for each blank.	
	My brother, Tom,1 in a butcher'	s shop (肉店). He helps the butcher to
	do some2 He puts meat on the shelf e	every day. People come into the shop and
	buy the meat. But today there3 any m	eat on the shelf. The butcher asks Tom
	to carry4 onto the shelf.	
	Tom runs to get some5 They are	e in6 room and they are on the
	highest shelf. Tom is tall, but he still can't reach	h the meat. Tom thinks7 a mi-
	nute. He has a good idea. He takes 8 a	nd puts one on top of the other. Then he
	stands on9 Now he can reach10	
	()1. A. lives B. studies	C. works D. stays
	()2. A. housework B. homework	
	()3. A. are B. aren't	C. is D. isn't
	()4. A. meats	B. some meats
	C. some meat	D. some piece of meat
	()5. A. piece of meat	B. pieces of meat

		C. piece of meats			D.	pieces of me	eats	
	()6. A. another	В.	other	C.	the other	D.	others
	()7. A. of	В.	for	C.	over	D.	about
	()8. A. a box	В.	two box	C.	two boxes	D.	two boxs
	()9. A. it	В.	they	C.	them	D.	their
	(10. A. the meats			В.	the pieces		
		C. the piece			D.	the meat		
B	Re	ad the passage and ans	wer	the questi	ons.			
		Sandwich was an Englis	hma	n. He live	d in the î	18th century.	Sandy	wich was rich, and
	he	liked to play cards for m	oney	. He often	played	for 24 hours,	and d	lidn't even stop to
	hav	ve his meals. He ordered	his	servants to	bring h	im some mea	t and 1	bread. He put the
	mea	at between the two pieces	s of	bread and l	held the	food in his le	eft han	nd while he played
	car	ds with his right hand. F	eop	le like Sand	lwich's i	dea, and fron	n then	on they eat bread
	and	l meat as Sandwich did.						
		From the name of the	man	, Sandwick	, we ha	ve the word	of the	food "sandwich"
	tod	ay.		101				\
	1.	Which country did Sandv	vich	live in?				メン
			V					7.//
	2.	2. What did Sandwich like to do?						
			72				<u>(),</u>	
	3.	Why did Sandwich let his	s ser	vants bring	g him soı	mething to ea	t?	
	4.	How did Sandwich eat b	ead	and meat v	vhen he	played cards?		
					-//-	<u>'''</u>		
	5.	Can you say something a	bout	the food "	sandwic	n"?		
Pa	rt 5	You're going to mak	e a	bowl of n	oodles	for your mo	ther o	on her birthday.
Ple	ase	write down how you m	ake	it. Use f	irst, th	en, next, f	inall	v.
				3		3	•	

B

Self-assessment Test 1

(100分)

Part	1	Choose the best answers. $(20 分)$							
()1.	—Will people live to be 300 years old?							
		<u>.</u>							
		A. No, they aren't B. No, t	they	won't					
		C. No, they don't D. No,	they	can't					
()2.	2. —What are you going to do in the future?							
		—I am dreaming of opening up my							
		A. own B. myself	C.	owner	D.	oneself			
()3.	Lin is good basketball player	in t	he NBA.		メン			
		A. a B. an	C.	the	D.				
()4.	Reading more helps learn bett	V.						
		A. we B. our	C.	us	D.	ours			
()5.	We need two apples and three	_•	17.					
		A. orange B. tomatoes	C.	bread	D.	carrot			
()6.	Nobody what his name is.		XXX.					
		A. know B. knows	C.	knowing	D.	is knowing			
()7.	I have to tell you.	12						
		A. something important	В.	important somet	hing	5			
	C. some important thing D. very important					ething			
()8.	I cleaned my classroom							
		A. with three hours	В.	three hours ago					
		C. in three hours	D.	three hours befo	re				
()9.	— he at home now?							
		—Yes, he is. He is computer games.							
		A. Is; playing B. Does; play	C.	Do; playing	D.	Is; plays			
() 10	0. I have two phones. One isn't worki	ng,	is too	old,	so I need to buy			
		one.							
		A. other; another	В.	another; the oth	er				
		C. other; others	D.	the other; anoth	er				
()11	. Thanks a lot for me	_ у	our dance party.					
		A. invite; for B. invite; to	C.	inviting; for	D.	inviting; to			
()12	2. We sightseeing tomorrow.							

		A. go	B. goes	С	are going	D	is going	
(112			.	are going	υ.	is going	
(/13.	We hopeA. get	B. to get	C	cotting	D	got	
()14	He tries to face a		С.	getting	υ,	got	
()14.	A. dangerous		C	danger	D	difficult	
()15	_	ne movie tonight. But		_			
	710.		B. on		at		in inc.	
()16.		the movie?	٠.	at .	υ.	***	
		—It is very educa						
		-	B. like	C.	like of	D.	think	
()17.		der about tv					
		A. of	B. in		for	D.	with	
()18.	cups of	coffee do we need?					
		A. How	B. How much	C.	How many	D.	How many of	
()19.	—Where is Miss	Wang?					
		—She went to H	ainan Island last week	x an	nd will return		_ six days.	
		A. ago	B. later	C.	behind	D.	in	
()20.	— My plan for th	nis weekend is to trav	el t	o Qingdao.			
		— .	1-			V	37	
		A. That sounds	great	В.	Sorry to hear tha	t.		
		C. Sure		D.	I'd love to			
Pa	rt 2	Vocabulary (15 /	})		MIN			
A	Fill i	n the blanks witl	the correct words.	(1	0分)			
	1. We	e should think of v	vays to stop p	t	o make our world	cle	aner.	
	2. On	e of the main <u>r</u>	why he failed(失则	攻) the exam is tha	at h	e is too lazy.	
	3. Do	you think the rob	ots in the future will	do	everything instead	l of	<u>h</u> ?	
		glish people are fr						
			h club to (
	6. This (工厂) makes all kinds of televisions.							
		ere are many <u>m</u> ickly.	in factories. V	Vitl	n them people can	wo	rk better and more	
	_	-	(关系) between the	mai	n and the woman?			
			fI thought of					
			s food and he wants t					
В	Fill in	n the blanks with	the correct forms	of 1	the words given.	(5	分)	
			eras are		=			
			(build) in					
	3. It i	.s (Ţ	possible) for me to fin	ish	the work today. I	ne	ed one more day to	
	do	it.						
	4. He	is a	_ (success) athlete. N	Mos	t people know hin	1.		

	5. She wants to be a _	(sci	ence) when she grows up.	
Pa	rt 3 Complete the se	entences.(15 分)	
1.	它是第一部带有声音和	音乐的卡通。		
	It was	cartoon	sound and music.	
2.	李伟昨天制定了他的新	年计划。		
	Li Wei his Ne	ew Year's	yesterday.	
3.	我们需要多少酸奶?			
	yog	urt we	need?	
4.	将来孩子们会在家里通	过电脑学习。		
	Kids	_ at home	computers.	
5.	没有人知道将来会发生	什么事。		
	No one knows what wil	l happen	·	
6.	而今美国人如何庆祝感	恩节?		
	do Americans		Day these days?	
7.	我打算努力学习并取得	好成绩。	7	
	I am going to study	and	good grades.	
8.	你长大了想要干什么?			, X-Y
	What you		when you	?
9.	他准备好和我们一起去。	. / 7		
	Не	go with	us.	
10.	机器人将帮助我们从事			Y
	Robots	us do jobs ir	ı	
Pa	rt 4 Cloze test (10 /		MAN TO THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE	
	Kate's brother Johnny	1 some	New Year's resolutions th	is year, he
is ę	going to learn <u>3</u>	the guitar. He is	s going to take the guitar l	essons4 prac-
tice	e every day. Next he wa	ints to get good _	5 . He is going to s	study <u>6</u> and he
is g	going to do all his hom	nework7	he watches TV. Final	lly, he wants to learn
	8 new language.	He is going to buy	some 9 CDs and	practice10 at
hor	ne every morning.			
()1. A. made	B. make	C. is make	D. making
()2. A. First	B. Second	C. Third	D. Last
()3. A. play	B. playing	C. to play	D. plays
()4. A. but	B. or	C. then	D. and
()5. A. lesson	B. class	C. grades	D. record
()6. A. harder	B. worse	C. more beautiful	D. cooler
()7. A. when	B. as	C. if	D. before
()8. A. an	В. а	C. the	D. /
(9. A. England	B. English	C. China	D. America
()10. A. they	B. their	C. them	D. theirs

Part 5 Reading comprehension (20 分)

A

Different people have different ideas about time. People in the USA think that it is important to know the time. In cities in America, there are clocks in stations, factories and other buildings. Radio announcers(播音员) give you the correct time during the day. Most Americans also have watches with them wherever they go. They want to do certain(一定的) things at certain time. They don't like to be late.

But time is not so important to everybody in the world. When you visit a country in South America, you will find that people there don't like to <u>rush</u>. If you had an appointment (约会) with somebody, he could probably be late, because he may not want to arrive on time.

In South America, even the radio programs may not begin on time. The men on the radio may not think it is important to tell the exact time. People in South America think that clocks or watches are just machines. They think that you let a clock or a watch control(控制) your life if you do everything on time.

() 1	You can see clocks in stations, factories and other buildings in the USA because
	/ 1.	Tou can see clocks in stations, factories and other buildings in the OSA because
		A. Americans want to make these places beautiful
		B. Americans want to sell these clocks
		C. Americans think that it is important to know the time
()2.	Americans don't want to be late when
		A. they go to stations, factories or other buildings
		B. they do certain things at certain time
		C. they are free
()3.	The underlined word " <u>rush</u> " most probably means
		A. jump B. hurry C. run
()4.	If you have an appointment with someone in South America, he may not arrive on
		time, and this is because
		A. he doesn't have a watch
		B. he forgets to have a watch with him
		C. he doesn't think it is necessary(必要的) to arrive on time
()5.	In this passage, we can see that time is very important to
		A. people in the USA
		B. people in South America
		C. everybody in the world
		В

Walt Disney was born in 1901. He created the Mickey Mouse in 1927. It made him very famous. He died in 1966, but his work and his dreams didn't die. Now people all over the world enjoy his Mickey Mouse and his cartoons.

Walt Disney never gave up easily. One summer he wanted a job in a post office. But they

told him that he was too young. He went home, drew some lines on his face and put on his father's suit. Then he went back to the same office and told them he was 18. He got the job finally.

Later in his life, Mr. Disney had a dream. He wanted to build a new kind of amusement park(游乐园). It would be clean and beautiful. The children could play happily there and the adults(成年人) could live in nice hotels. It would be fun for people of all ages. The park was called Disneyland(迪士尼乐园). Engineers told him it was an impossible dream. His family and his friends thought he was mad. But Mr. Disney didn't give up his idea. In 1955, Disneyland opened to the public and became the most successful amusement park in the USA. Walt Disney's dream came true.

()6.	Walt Disney was _	year	es old when he died.	
		A. 1966	B. 66	C. 65	D. 26
()7.	Walt Disney migh	t be	years old when he got a jo	ob in a post office.
		A. less than 18	B. 19	C. 22	D. 18
()8.	What does "give u	<u>ıp</u> " mean in C	Chinese?	
		A. 吃惊	B. 高兴	C. 给予	D. 放弃
()9.	The first Disneyla	nd opened to	the public in in 1	955.
		A. China	B. America	C. Japan	D. We don't know
()10	. Who can play or	live in Disney	yland?	, KIIT
		A. Children.	B. Adults.	C. Students.	D. A, B and C.
		A.L.		C	

Young people have many dreams. Here are Lei Ping and his friends' dreams. Lei Ping is going to be an actor. He likes acting. He thinks actors are well-known and they can make lots of money. He is going to take acting lessons. His friend Wang Yong likes writing. He is going to write articles for magazines when he grows up. He thinks reading more is good for writing. So he often reads books in the library now. Another friend Li Fang is going to be a teacher. She thinks children are lovely and in the long vacation she can do whatever she wants.

- ()11. Lei Ping's dream is to be a(n) B. pilot C. bank clerk D. reader A. actor ()12. What does Lei Ping think of actors? A. Actors are well-known. B. Actors can travel anywhere. C. He doesn't like actors. D. He thinks they are tired. ()13. How is Wang Yong going to achieve his dream?
 - A. He is doing more exercise every day.
 - B. He is writing articles for magazines.
 - C. He is reading books in the library.
 - D. He is taking writing lessons after school.

()	14.	Li	Fang is Le	ei Ping's	•					
		Α.	reader	В.	cousin	C	·	sister	D.	friend
()	15.	Th	ese ideas o	of the yo	ung are	•				
		Α.	interestin	g		В		not fit for them		
		C.	not to be	true		D).	wrong		
						D				
В	etty	is a	n America	n school	girl. She	is very ha	ap	py because her p	arei	nts will take her to
China	for a	vi	sit. They	are going	g to fly from	m New Y	01	rk on June 30 and	d ge	et to Beijing on July
1. The	ey w	ill s	stay at Lid	o Holida	y Inn. <u>The</u>	eir Chines	se	friends will show	v th	em around Beijing.
They a	are g	oin	g to visit t	he Palac	e Museum	, the Sur	nr	mer Palace, the	Ten	nple of Heaven and
the Gr	eat '	Wal	l. They w	rill also	visit some	Chinese l	ho	mes and try son	ne C	Chinese food. They
will sp	end	a w	veek in Bei	jing and	then go to	Xi'an, C	ъ̀и	ilin and some ot	her	places for sightsee-
ing. (E	3)整	个前	该行将花费	三个星期	and she i	s sure she	e ·	will have a great	tim	ne in China.
16. 根	据短	文	内容判断下	列句子	的正(T)误	(F) _o				
()) a. I	Bett	y is very l	appy be	cause she v	will visit (Cl	nina with her par	ent	s.
()	b. ´	Γhe	y are goin	g to Chi	na on June	30.				
根据短	文内	容	选择最佳答	答案。						12×
()	17.	Th	eir	friend	ds will sho	w them a	rc	ound Beijing.		9,
		Α.	Australia	n B.	Chinese	C	·	American	X	
()	18.	Fre	om the tex	t we can	know that	t they wil	11	in Beij	ing.	
		Α.	cook Chir	nese food	1			17		
		В.	learn to s	peak Chi	nese					
		C.	try some	Chinese	food			3k-		
19. 将	句中	(A)处画线句	子译为汉	又语。		2	,1%		
20. 将	句中	(B)处画线句	子译为英	は语。	1	X			
Part 6	6 (Cho	ose the pr	oper se	ntence for	each bla	ın	k to complete t	he p	passage. (5分)
In a	clas	s ir	n Japan, a	robot to	eacher Saya	a called o	u	t the names of t	he s	students, smiled at
them a	and t	old	them off.	(1)		So th	ne	students liked h	ier v	very much. But the
scienti	sts s	ay	she is not	going to	take the p	lace of h	un	nan teachers.		
									app	iness and sadness.
								and "Sorry".		
"((3)_			Rob	ots that loo	ok like hu	ın	nans have an imp	orta	ant influence(影响)
on chil	ldrer	an	ıd older pe	ople," s	aid Kobaya	ishi, the	m	aker of Saya.		
(4	1)			After	being inv	rented, sl	ne	was tested in a	ı cla	assroom with many
fifth a	nd s	xth	n grade stu	dents. "	She still ca	an't do m	ıu	ch more than cal	ιΙ οι	ut names and shout
Be qu	iiet'	, b	ut the chil	dren had	l great fun	," Kobay	as	shi said. "They	wer	e very happy when
									e ca	innot have too high
hope f	or h	er.	(5)		She is	just a too	ol	(工具)."		

- A. Saya was invented(发明) in 2004.
- B. Saya has six feelings.
- C. She can't think or learn.
- D. Her funny face made the students laugh.
- E. Robots will be very important in the future.

Part 7 Writing (15 分)

假如你是黄燕,你的朋友给你发 e-mail 邀请你到她家过周末,但你因为有事不能去,请你发 e-mail 把情况告诉她。要包括以下内容:

- 1. 感谢邀请,婉言谢绝;
- 2. 说明理由(不少于 3 个);
- 3. 邀请她下个星期天到你家来。

要求:

- 1. 文中不能出现真实的班级和姓名;
- 2. 字迹工整,条理清晰;
- 3. 不少于 60 词。

Dear Xia Lei,		+	MX	
Thanks for				
	17.			
		4		
	XXX	1/7		
	/ 13			
1	X-	244		
		1X-		
Yours,				
Huang Yan				

Unit 5

Can you come to my party?



A	Co	omplete the sentences with the words from	m Section A.
	1.	Can you come to my party on	_(周六) afternoon?
	2.	I have to help my(父母).	
	3.	I have to go to my(吉他) les	son.
	4.	I have to(拜访) my aunt.	
	5.	He has a(钢琴) lesson every	Sunday afternoon.
B	Tr	ranslate the phrases into English.	
	1.	上钢琴课2.	来参加聚会
	3.	为考试学习4.	去看病
	5.	另外一个时间6.	一个生日聚会
	7.	为旅行做准备8.	得流感
	9.		. 骑自行车旅行
\mathbf{C}	Co	omplete the sentences.	(<u> </u> '')
		"周日你能来我的生日聚会吗?""抱歉,我必须	页为英语考试做准备。"
		— my birthday party	
		—Sorry, I	
	2.	本周末我有太多的作业。	
			this weekend.
	3.	"她能去参加棒球比赛吗?""不,她没时间。"	
		<u> </u>	game?
		—No,	
	4.	他们要去拜访老师。	
		They	their teachers.
	5.	"你能去看电影吗?""当然,我很乐意。"	
			the movie?
		—Sure,	
	6.	放学后你打算干什么?	
		What you	after school?

	7.	你什么时候能完成科学作业?	
		When you	?
	8.	明天你要和谁去看电影?	
		Who are you	?
	9.	你星期天有空到学校来吗?	
		you	on Sunday?
Pa	rt 2	2	
A	C	omplete the sentences with can	or can't plus one of the verbs in the box.
		come find hear see speak	decide go
	1.	I'm sorry but we	to your party next Saturday.
	2.	I like this hotel room. You	the mountains from the window.
	4.	Where is my bag? I	_ it.
	5.	Catherine got the job because sh	e five languages.
	6.	Ann doesn't know what to do. S	She
	7.	Jim to the concert	next Saturday. He has to work.
B	Co	omplete the sentences with <i>have to</i>	o / has to / had to plus one of the verbs in the box.
		do read speak travel wear	walk buy answer change go
	1.	My eyes are not very good. I	
		At the end of the term all the str	
		Mary is studying literature (文学	
	4.	Albert doesn't understand much	
		to him.	1/2/5
	5.	Kate is not often at home. She _	a lot in her job.
	6.	We 1	home last night. There were no buses.
	7.	It's late. I	now. I'll see you tomorrow.
	8.	I went to the supermarket after	work yesterday. I some
		food.	
	9.	This train doesn't go all the w	vay to London. You at
		Bristol.	
	10	. We did an exam yesterday. We	six questions out of ten.
\mathbf{C}	W	rite sentences with don't have	to / doesn't have to
	1.	Why are you going out?	You don't have to go out.
	2.	Why is Ann waiting?	She
	3.	Why do you get up so early?	You
	4.	Why is Paul working so hard?	Не
	5.	Why do you want to leave now?	We

Part 3

A Fill in the blanks in the conversations with the words or phrases in the box.

	clean sorry tomorrow bus concert piano lesson
	1. A: Can you go to the movies today?
	B: No, but I can go
	2. A: Can you come to my party?
	B: I'm I have to study.
	3. A: Can Janie go to the tonight?
	B: Yes, she can. She's going to take the to get there.
	4. A: Can Linda play baseball?
	B: No, she can't. She has to her room.
	5. A: Can you go to the soccer game at five-thirty?
	B: I'm sorry. I have a at five-thirty.
B	Rewrite the sentences as required.
	1. Can you come to my party on Wednesday? (改为陈述句)
	on Wednesday.
	2. I have to go to see the doctor. (改为否定句)
	see the doctor.
	3. I have to <u>help my mom</u> . (对画线部分提问)
	do you ?
	4. I have to go to the doctor. (对画线部分提问)
	you do?
Pa	rt 4
A	Choose the best answer for each blank.
	Dear Tom,
	I'm now some to have shout your mother's illness, and I'm alad that you are asing to
	I'm very sorry to hear about your mother's illness, and I'm glad that you are going to
	New York to see1 she is. It'll be nice2 her to see you.
	Of course I'll look3 Tim. We enjoyed4 him last year and my dog
	missed (想念) him5 he left and looked for him everywhere. I'm sure he'll be
	glad to6 him again.
	Will you7 him on Tuesday afternoon? Or if that doesn't suit (适合),
	8 time on Wednesday? Don't bring dog food, for I have 9. I hope that
	you'll have time to have tea with me when you bring Tim, and you'll have10
	news of your mother.
	Yours,
	Mike White

()1. A. how	B. why	C. where	D. who
()2. A. to	B. at	C. for	D. with
()3. A. at	B. for	C. like	D. after
()4. A. to have	B. having	C. had	D. after
()5. A. if	B. before	C. after	D. that
()6. A. look	B. see	C. watch	D. have
()7. A. take	B. bring	C. carry	D. get
()8. A. some	B. one	C. any	D. every
()9. A. a lot	B. a few	C. many	D. a little
()10. A. well	B. bad	C. worse	D. better

B Read the passage and then fill in the blanks.

A Fill in the blanks with words from Section B.

Lily is going to write an email to Amy. She would like Amy to go to the stamp show with her on Sunday afternoon. It's at Tianhe Stadium.

Hi Amy,	NO X	Y
(1)	you like to (2)	to the stamp show with
(3)	on Sunday? (4)	(5) many kinds of
stamps at Tian	he Stadium. It's on (6)	afternoon. Please tell me (7)
1	this Friday.	
Lily	AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	

Section B

	1. I have classes every <u>w</u> . Can we	have the party on weekends?
	2. Thanks for your i I will get to	the party on time.
	3. I'd love to come to your birthday party,	but I'm not a
	4. People can't live w water.	
	5. I look <u>f</u> to hearing from you.	
B	Translate the phrases into English.	
	1. 后天	2. 前天
	3. 照顾他妹妹	4. 去旅行
	5. 盼望你的来信	_ 6. 举办惊喜晚会
	7. 计划一个乔迁聚会	8. 新图书馆的落成典礼

C	Co	omplet	e the sentences	•					
	1.	谢谢传	尔的邀请。						invitation
	2.	——— 对不走		 访你。					invitation.
	٠.	I'm so							this week.
	3.		, 明五能和我一起去						
								with	me on Friday?
	4.	假期と	过后请给我打电记	5.				afte	er the vacation.
	5.	星期四						_	
			.,,,		chemistr	y 1	test		
Pa	rt 2	2							
A	Cl	hoose 1	the best answer	·s.					
	()1.	—Can you com	e to my party?	X				
			A. Of course,	I'd like to	H	В.	I can't go there		
			C. No, I won't				Yes, I will	- >	
	()2.	I am going to S						
			A. in	B. at			on	D. of	
	()3.	Mary can't play	with us. She r	must		her little br	other.	
			A. take care	B. look at	(J.	look after	D. lo	ok on
	()4.	You can't find	him. He usuall	у		at 4:00.		
			A. have an Eng	glish lesson	Η	3,	is having an En	glish l	esson
			C. will go to the	he guitar lesson	Ì),	goes to the guit	ar les	son
	()5.	When does the	he basketball ga	ıme begir	1?			
			A. At two thir	rtv	F	3.	At thirty two		
			C. On two thir	-			On thirty two		
	()6.	Thank you	-			,		
			A. of	B. for		J.	with	D. to)
	()7.	A classmate of	mine invited me	e		his party on Su	nday.	
			A. for	B. come			come to	D. to	•
	()8.	Can you play te	ennis	us?				
			A. and	B. with	(J.	together	D. jo	in
	()9.	Tomorrow ever	ning he	_ my cou	ısi	n's birthday par	ty.	
			A. go to		H	3.	going to		
			C. is going to		Ι).	goes to		
	()10). Jerry, you loo	k ill. You shou	ıld		_•		
			A. go to the r	movies	F	3.	go to see the do	octor	
			C. go to the c	culture club	Ι).	discuss the scie	nce re	port

B	Re	ewrite the sentences as required.
	1.	Thank you for your invitation. (改为同义句)
		your invitation.
	2.	I have to go to the dentist. (改为否定句)
		the dentist.
	3.	I have to study for my chemistry test on Thursday. (对画线部分提问)
		on Thursday?
	4.	My birthday party is on Friday, June 30 at 4:30. (对画线部分提问)
		your birthday party?
Pa	rt 3	
A	C	omplete the sentences with the words in the box.
		play come visit have love invitation hang help look take
	1.	I'm sorry. I can't to your birthday party.
		I usually out with my friends at the park on weekends.
		On weekends we usually friends.
	4.	Pete likes tosoccer on weekends.
		Thanks for your party
		I'dto go to the movies on Thursday.
	7.	I shall a violin lesson the day after tomorrow.
		My teacher me with the science report.
		On weekends she must after her cousin's baby.
		Tom is going to a trip with his parents.
В		omplete the conversation with the words in the box.
		can / can't I'd / I'm have/ have to
	D	
		en: Hi, May. (1) you go with me to a movie tonight?
		ay: Sorry, I (2) I'll (3) a music lesson.
		en: Well, how about Saturday?
	M	ay: Sorry. Saturday I'll (4) help my parents. But you know,
	_	(5) not doing anything on Sunday. (6) love to go then.
	Вє	en: OK, great! Let's go on Sunday.
\mathbb{C}		ll in each blank with a correct word to complete the dialogue.
		: Would you (1) 1 to go and see a film tonight?
	В:	I'd (2) \underline{l} (3) \underline{t} But I have to (4) \underline{d} my
		homework.
	\mathbf{A}	(5) <u>H</u> (6) <u>a</u> tomorrow?
	В:	Yes, that will be fine. By the way, is the film good?
	Α	: Yes, it's really a wonderful one.

B: (7) W	(8) <u>t</u>	will it start?		
A: We can meet (9) <u>a</u>		the cinema (10) <u>a</u>	7:20.	It will start at
7:30.				

B: OK. See you tomorrow.

Part 4

A Read the dialogue and then write T (for true) or F (for false) for each statement.

Ben: Flora, there's a good movie on at Movie Palace. I'm going to see it. Would you like to come with me?

Flora: Oh, I'd love to, but I can't. I've got a class in the evening.

Ben: Oh, what is it?

Flora: Economics(经济学).

Ben: Then what about going to the cinema on Friday?

Flora: Great. What's the movie?

Ben: Heroes. It's a Chinese action movie.

Flora: Yes, I saw it last week. How about *The Cold Mountain*? It's starred by Nicole Kidman.

Ben: OK. Let's meet in front of the cinema at six-fifty. I think it's on at seven.

Flora: All right. See you then.

- ()1. Ben is inviting Flora to go to a movie.
- ()2. The movie is on at a palace.
- ()3. Flora is not free on Friday.
- ()4. The movie Flora wants to see is a Chinese movie.
- ()5. They are meeting before 7 pm.

B Read the letter and fill in the chart. Then choose the best answers.

Dear Carol,

Thanks for your letter. You asked about visiting the first week in August, so I checked my calendar. I'm sorry, I'm very busy that week. I have a math test on Monday. I'm going to the dentist on Tuesday, and I have a doctor's appointment on Wednesday. Thursday I have a guitar lesson. Friday is my sister's birthday party, and Saturday we're visiting my aunt and uncle.

Can you come the last week of July or the second week of August? I'm not very busy those weeks and I'd love to see you. Can we talk on the phone? Call me.

Love,

Sarah

	Day	Activity		
Mon	nday 1	1.		
Tue	Tuesday 2.			
Wed	dnesday 3	3.		
Thu	ırsday 4			
Fric	day 5	j.		
Sati	urday 6	5.		
()7 Who is coming to visi	t the first week in August?		
	A. Carol.	B. Sarah. C. The doctor.		
()8. What is the writer go			
	A. Have a math test.	3.		
	B. See a dentist.			
	C. Have a doctor's ap	ppointment.		
()9. Where is the writer go			
	A. To the teacher's.			
	B. To her sister's bir	thday party		
	C. To the doctor's.	party.		
()10. When isn't the best	time for them to meet?		
`	A. The last week in			
	B. The first week in	77. Y		
	C. The second week			
()11. The writer will not l			
	A. Sunday	B. Thursday C. Saturday		
rt 5		your birthday party at your home next Saturda		
	~ ~	to invite him to come. (30–50 words)		
aita w		to mytte min to come, (30—30 words)		
rite y ar Tin				

Mark

Unit 6

If you go to the party, you'll have a great time!

Section

Pa	rt 1
A	Fill in the blanks with the words.
	1. The students are talking about when to have a class m
	2. Mark will o the party games.
	3. If I don't go to Tom's party, he will be <u>u</u> .
	4. I don't know how to do it. Can you give me some <u>a</u> , please?
	5. What will happen if they watch a <u>v</u> at the party?
	6. Don't bring candies and <u>c</u> . I hate sweets.
B	Translate the phrases into English.
	1. 参加聚会 2. 穿牛仔服
	3. 乘公共汽车去学校 4. 待在家
	5. 玩得开心 6. 开班会
	7. 很早离开 8. 班上一半人
	9. 做一些食物 10. 看视频
Pa	rt 2
A	Look at the pictures and complete the dialogues.
	1. A: I want to have an English Evening. Will you help me Evening
	it?
	B: Sure. When shall we the English Evening?
	A: Let's make it this evening.
	B: No. It is too If we have it this evening,
	half the class come.
	A: Okay. Let's it tomorrow evening.
	2. A: are you going to do tomorrow?
	B: I think I'm going to New York.
	A: If you, you'll see many places of interest.
	B: That's great.
	3. A: What is it now?
	B: It's half past seven.
	A; I think I'll ride my
	B: If you do, you'll be

-	-	nces. Use the correct for	ě .
		(not leave) the room du	
			(are) angry.
		(have) a class pa	
			nave a meeting tomorrow?
		(finish) it alo	
		(take) a ta	
		(be) a test tomo:	
			(stay) at home.
			(study) for their tests.
		(do) so, he'll be	
		nces according to your	
1.	If I don't finish m	y homework,	
2.	If I eat too much	food,	X
	If I get up late to		//k ^y
4.	If I have a chance	to visit Canada,	
		er one day,	
6.	If I watch TV too	much,	
7.	If I can find a job	during the holiday,	
8.	If I don't know ho	w to swim,	
rt 3	Translate the	sentences into English.	735
什么	公时候是聚会的好时	机?	
Wh	en	time	party?
他们]太懒了不会做饭的	J.	P
The		*	cook.
如果	尽你让学生带食物来	,他们只会带薯片和巧克	力。
If y	ou	, they	chips and chocolate.
如果	是他们今天举行聚会	;,班上一半的人不会来的	•
If tl	hey	today,	come.
如果	具我穿牛仔服去聚会	,我会看起来最糟糕。	
If I		, I	
你能			
Can	you		?
		t answer for each blan	
-			
It	is interesting to vi	sit another country. but	there are sometimes problems. When

may not know how to use th	e telephone in the co	untry we are visiting.	We may not know how		
to buy the3 we nee	ed. In a c	ountry we may not kr	now where to eat or how		
to order in a5 Ve	ry <u>6</u> you do	on't know the way to	the places you want to		
visit. And7 you ca	an't make yourself u	ınderstood, it will ta	ke you long <u>8</u>		
you at last find it. It is not	easy to decide how t	o tip (给小费) waiter	s or taxi drivers. When		
we need help, we may not k	now what to9	or how to say it.	We learn life in another		
country and then we may be	10 to leave	e .			
()1. A. people	B. country	C. language	D. words		
()2. A. easy	B. difficult	C. happy	D. tired		
()3. A. things	B. shopping	C. something	D. anything		
()4. A. strange	B. known	C. native	D. near		
()5. A. school	B. shop	C. restaurant	D. hospital		
()6. A. often	B. many	C. soon	D. much		
()7. A. as	B. for	C. like	D. with		
()8. A. before	B. after	C. for	D. in		
()9. A. speak	B. talk	C. tell	D. say		
()10. A. sorry	B. glad	C. worried	D. interested		
			///		
Section		-/X			
B 2位					
XX-		Line			
Part 1		777			
A Fill in the blanks with					
1. I will travel to Beijing with the help of the travel <u>a</u> .					
2. I want to t around the world.					
	3. If people have problems, they should try to keep them to \underline{t} .				
4. Laura is a(少年) from London	•			
5. Problems and worrie	5. Problems and worries are <u>n</u> in life.				
6. <u>U</u> we talk t	6. <u>U</u> we talk to someone, we'll feel worse.				
7. He is really good at	7. He is really good at running. He can <u>c</u> win.				
8. I lost my <u>w</u> , so I have no money now.					
9. Don't <u>w</u> abo	9. Don't <u>w</u> about me.				
10. He is very <u>c</u>	He usually make	es some mistakes.			
B Complete the sentence	es. Use the correct	forms of the words	s given.		
1. Do you know what _	(0	do) next?			
2. If you don't do that i	now, I	(do) it.			
3. Those workers spent			hat bridge.		

	4.	How many	_ (child) are there in the picture?
			(turn) off the lights when you leave.
		Would you like	
		This is a	
	8.	Li Ping, it's time	(get) up now.
	9.	(read) in	such poor light is bad for your eyes.
	10.	. The students will go to the	beach if it (not rain) tomorrow.
C	Re	ewrite the following sentenc	es with if, will or won't.
	1.	You go to the party with you	r best friend. You have a good time.
	2.	He is late for class. The tead	hers don't let him in.
	3.	Tom gets up at 6:00. He is	ate.
	4.	You play a video at the party	. The people are happy.
	5.	It's raining. I don't go to the	cinema.
	6.	You are free. I go to see you	at 10:00.
	7.	I am a lawyer. I can help lot	s of people.
	8.	You go to the old people's ho	me. I buy them some flowers.
	9.	I go to Yunnan. I go there in	August.
	10.	. You work harder. You succ	eed.
Pa	rt 2	Choose the best answers.	
()	1. —What do you want to do	when you leave school?
		—I will	
		A. go to college	B. go to a college
		C. go to colleges	D. go to the college
()	2. If he back tomor	row, I you.
		A. will come; will call	B. will come; call
		C. comes; will call	D. comes; call
()	3. He will never become a gr	eat soccer player,?

		A. will he		B. won't he	
		C. does he		D. doesn't he	
()4.	English	well is very import	ant for the students.	
		A. Study	B. Studying	C. To studying	D. Studies
()5.	This pencil seems	like		
		A. green	B. red	C. in the box	D. his
()6.	You will	_ the match if you g	get enough practice.	
		A. be able to win		B. can win	
		C. be able to win	ning	D. are able to wir	1
()7.	I'm sorry I	my pen at home	2.	
		A. forgeted	B. forgot	C. left	D. leaved
()8.	I don't know	there, could y	you tell me?	
		A. how to get		B. how getting	
		C. how get	. 21	D. how to getting	;
()9.	Pleaset	he old one away, a	nd a new or	ne here.
		A. take; take		B. bring; bring	· **>
		C. take; bring	, (V),	D. bring; take	1119
()10	. I don't know if s	she If she	e, please te	ell me.
		A. will come; co	omes	B. comes; comes	
		C. will come; w	ill come	D. comes; will co	me
Pai	rt 3	XX		No.	
A	Read	d the passage and	complete the wor	rds.	
		If you do not use y	our arms and legs	for some time, they	will become weak. When
	you s	start (1) u	them again,	they slowly become	strong again. Everybody
	know	vs that. Yet man	y people do not	seem to know that	memory works in the
	(2) <u>s</u>	s way	7.		
		When someone say	rs that he has a goo	d memory, he really	means that he keeps his
	(3) <u>r</u>	m in	practice by using it.	When someone says	that his memory is poor,
	he re	eally means that he	does not give it en	ough (4) <u>c</u>	to become strong.
		If a friend says tha	t his arms and legs	are weak, we know t	hat it is his own fault (错
	误).	But if he tells us	that he has a (5) <u>p</u>	memo	ry, many of us think his
	parei	nts may be blamed	(责备), and (6) <u>f</u>	of us know	w that it is his own fault.
					read or write but usually
	they	have (8) <u>b</u>	memories?	This is because they	z can't read or write and
	they	have to remember	things. They can r	not write (9) t	in a small note-
	book	. They have to rea	member days, name	es, songs, and storie	es, (10) <u>s</u>
	their	memory is always	being exercised.		

So if you want to have a good memory, practice remembering things in a way as other people do.

В	Translate	Chinese	into	English.
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踢足球是我的梦想

MYC11/C1/(H1) 10/0	
	is my dream
如果我变得富有,我将会环球旅	行。
If I, I _	
他经常犯粗心的错误。	
He often	,
我们应该总是试图去解决问题。	
We should	to
她打算帮我组织班级聚会。	
She is going to	
在英国,我们说分享问题就像把	它减半。
In England, we say	

Part 4

A Read the letter and mark True (T) or False (F).

Dear Betty,

I'm thinking about what I'm going to do this summer. Maybe I'll get a job. If I get a job, I'll have enough money to buy some new things. Maybe I'll buy some new clothes. I'd like to have some new dresses when I start school again in September. Or I can buy some books, or some music CDs. I really love jazz. I could buy some more CDs for my jazz collection. Or I can use the money to pay for tennis lessons. I play tennis pretty well, but I'd like to learn to play it better. Or maybe I can use the money to pay for piano lessons. I'd like to learn to play it.

If I don't get a job this summer, I'll visit my grandparents in San Francisco. They live in a beautiful old house near the beach. That will be fun. My grandparents are always very nice to me. They'll let me sleep late. I won't have to get up until 10 o'clock every day. I'll eat delicious food because my grandmother is an excellent cook. She always cooks my favorite food. I'll also go to the beach with my grandparents. I like swimming in the sea. My grandparents like to go to museums but I don't enjoy museums so much, so maybe I'll stay at home and watch TV.

Karen

- ()1. Maybe Karen will get a job this summer.
- ()2. Karen wants to buy some new dresses.

()3. Karen really likes jazz music.
()4. Karen doesn't play tennis.
()5. Karen's grandparents live in San Francisco.
()6. Karen's grandmother isn't a good cook.
()7. Karen likes to go to museums.

B Read the passage and answer the questions.

Sitting near the telephone, Sandra looked worried. A wonderful concert would be held at the theatre and some pop stars would sing there. She hopes to be a singer and spends much time singing and listening to tapes and CDs. Of course, she wouldn't lose such a chance. But it was difficult for her to get a ticket. She asked for her friends' and relatives' help, but none could do anything useful for her. A classmate told her to go to Jack whose father works in the theatre. She agreed and now she was waiting for his answer. At last the telephone rang. Jack got a more expensive ticket for her. The girl was very happy. She kept it with great care for four days.

On Saturday afternoon, Sandra had supper earlier and went out in beautiful clothes. The girl was proud when she saw a lot of people waiting for a ticket outside the theatre. She was pleased with her seat though it was upstairs. She could see the singers clearly there. To her worry, a young man came and sat next to her. It was tall and strong, with a flagitious (凶恶的) face. She tried not to look at him. She paid all her attention to the stage (把全部注意力集中在舞台上).

Before long after the concert started, the young man sang, following the singer on the stage. It made Sandra angry. She said, "What a nuisance (讨厌)!"

"You mean I?" the man asked flagitiously.

"Oh, no, sir," the girl said in a hurry, "the singer disturbs me so that I can't appreciate (欣赏) your wonderful singing voice at all!"

1. What was Sandra waiting for in the sitting room?

2.	What's Sandra's favourite?
3.	Why was it difficult to get a ticket for the concert?
4.	Why did Sandra ask for Jack's help?
5.	When did Sandra get the ticket?
6.	What did Sandra have supper earlier for that afternoon?

7.	What was Sandra proud of?
8.	Why didn't Sandra look at the young man next to her?
9.	What made Sandra unhappy after the concert started?
10.	Who disturbed Sandra, the singer or the young man?
Part 5 singer.	Your friend Joan is good at singing, and wants to become a professional Write a letter to give her some advice. Should she become a professional?
Why or	· why not? (60—80 words)
	u/A/

Init 7

What's the matter?

	20
Sec	etion
	A
Part	1

A	Look at the	nicture and	write down	the correct	word for	each part	of the l	hody
$\boldsymbol{\Lambda}$	LOUK at the	picture and	WIIIC GOWII	the correct	word for	cacii pai i	or the	oouy.

			٠, ٢
	1 2	X	1 ()
	3 4		2
	5 6	11/17	45 63
		<i>X X Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y</i>	
	<u> </u>		8
	9 10.		
В	Translate the following pl	hrases into English.	10
	1. 胃痛	ο H 3 → E	着
	3. 看牙医		
	5. 后背痛	6. 感觉如	子
	7. 躺下休息		蜜的热茶
	9. 量体温		i
C	Complete the following se		
	1. Lisa 怎么了?		
		with Lisa?	
	2. 她打篮球受伤了。		
	She	basketball.	
	3. 他牙疼吗?		
	he	?	
	4. 他应该怎么做?		
	What he _	?	
	5. 我应该在上面敷药吗?		
		on i	t?
	6. 我认为 Ben 应该量量体温	10	
	I think Bon		

	7.	7. 你应该去看看牙医,做个 X 光。	
		You the dentist and	X-ray.
	8.	8. 她应该喝些加蜂蜜的热茶。	
		She honey.	
Pa	rt 2	2	
A	Cl	Choose the correct words to complete the senter	nces.
	1.	1. I'm hungry. I (should/shouldn't) eat fruit and v	egetables.
	2.	2. They are very tired. They (should/shouldn't) do	dangerous work.
	3.	3. You have a sore back. You (should/shouldn't) li	e down and rest.
	4.	4. He cut himself. He (should/shouldn't) put some	e medicine on the cut.
	5.	5. She has a toothache. She (should/shouldn't) eat	junk food.
	6.	6. You have a headache. You (should/shouldn't) go	o to the party.
B	Co	Complete the sentences with you should plus on	e of the words in the box.
		clean go take visit	watch wear
	1.	l. When you play tennis,	the ball.
		2. It's late and you're very tired.	to bed.
	3 .		
			the museum. It's interesting.
		5. When you're driving,	
		6. It's too far to walk from here to the station.	
		taxi.	
C	Y	You ask a friend for advice. Write questions w	ith Do you think I should?
		l. You are in a shop. You are trying on a jacket. (b	
		You ask your friend: Do you think I should buy	
	2.	V	
		You ask your friend:	
	3.	3. You don't like your job. (get another job)	
		You ask your friend:	
	4.	4. You are going to have a party. (invite Gary)	
		You ask your friend:	
D	W	Write sentences with I think should or I o	don't think should
	1.	1. It's late. (go home now) I think we should go ho	me now.
	2.	2. That coat is too big for you. (buy it) $\underline{I don't thing}$	nk you should buy it.
	3.	3. You don't need your car. (sell it)	
	4.	4 15: 1 21 1 1:1 3	
	5.	5. Sally and Colin are too young. (go to school)	
	6.	0. 77 1 11 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	7.		,
	8.		

Part 3 Rewrite the sentences as required.
. I have a toothache. (改为否定句)
. He <u>has a stomachache</u> . (对画线部分提问)
I know you have a sore throat. Why not go to see a doctor? (根据上句完成下句) I know you have a sore throat. You to see a doctor.
. That sounds like a good idea.(改为否定句)
That a good idea.
Part 4 Fill in the blanks. Use the words in the box. Change the form of the wo
f necessary.
have should play need stay get enjoy help shouldn't take
. Carlos has a bad headache, so he to go to the doctor.
. A lot of vegetables you to keep in good health.
. Rose's mother wants herthe piano every day.
. He should his temperature first.
. Students sleep for nine hours every night.
. Most of the studentslistening to pop music.
. You study when you are tired.
Exercise every day to healthy.
. —What's the matter with Sonia?
—Shea toothache.
0. Mary fell down yesterday. She should some rest.
Section
В
Doub 1
Part 1
Complete the sentences with the words from Section B and Self Check.
1. Judy cut her k yesterday, so she can't walk today.
2. I usually take Chinese m when I have a cold.
3. Don't give up even when you are in a difficult s
4. Do you have any <u>p</u> with your math?
5. My brother cut off the leaves with his $\underline{\mathbf{k}}$.
6. He tells of the <u>i</u> of keeping healthy.
7. Making a good d can help you succeed.
8. Do you have the same(精神) as Aron?
3 Translate the following phrases into English.
1. 习惯于,适应于 2. 冒险

3. 用尽;耗尽	
9. 摔倒	
9. 摔倒	
1. Gina 怎么了? 她牙痛吗?	
Gina?a toothache? 2. Mady 流鼻血了,她应该头向后仰。 Madya nosebleed. She should 3. 他知道他必须做点什么事来救自己。 He knew hehis own life. 4. 在这本书里,Aron 讲述了做正确决定的重要性。,Aron tells of the 5. "你昨天咳嗽严重吗?""是的。" —	
2. Mady 流鼻血了,她应该头向后仰。 Mady	
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4. 在这本书里, Aron 讲述了做正确决定的重要性。	
5. "你昨天咳嗽严重吗?""是的。" —	
—	
6. 她应该卧床休息一两天。一天三次吃这种药。 She should and	
6. 她应该卧床休息一两天。一天三次吃这种药。 She should and	
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Part 2 A Choose the best answers. ()1. —What's the? —I have a fever. A. matter B. trouble C. question ()2. Liu Ming a stomachache. A. does B. has C. have	
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()2. Liu Ming a stomachache. A. does B. has C. have	
()2. Liu Ming a stomachache. A. does B. has C. have	
× 17	
()3. I'm thirsty, I ran my water.	
A. out of B. out C. of	
()4. —When it?	
—About two days ago.	
A. was; start B. did; start C. does; start	
()5. — <u> </u>	
—I have a bad cold.	
A. How do you do B. What's the matter C. How often do you exe	cise
()6. —Do you have a headache?	
— <u> </u>	
A. Yes, I have B. No, I have not C. Yes, I do	
()7. My grandmother isn't at the moment.	
A. feel well B. feeling good C. feeling well	
()8. David a stomachache. So he eat anything for 24 hours.	
A. has; should B. has; shouldn't C. have; shouldn't	

	()9.	Everyone	_ sometir	nes.		
			A. gets tired	В.	are tired	C	. get tired
	()10.	—Judy has a so	re throat.	What should	d she do?	
			— <u> </u>				
			A. She should a	go to bed			
			B. She should s	ee a denti	st		
			C. She should d	rink hot	tea with hon	ey	
	()11.	I'm to	hear that	you're not	feeling well	
			A. sorry	В.	glad	C	. tired
	()12.	—What did you	do then?			
			—I cut	_ my righ	t arm and ba	andaged it _	my left hand.
			A. off; use	В.	off; with	C	. out; with
	()13.	You must	yours	elf and	·	
			A. look for; ke	ep healthy	7		
			B. look after; s	tay health	·		
			C. look after; k	eep healt	ny		~X
B	Re	write t	the sentences as	required.			/, k
	1.	You sh	nould lie down and	l rest. (란	为否定句)		11/4
							77///
	2.	He sho	ould drink lots of	water. (Þ	女为一般疑 问	[句]	
	3.	You sh	ould go to bed ea	rly. (对国	可线部分提问	D	
			(N)			**	,
	4.	He sho	ouldn't eat anythi	ng.(改为	同义句)	7.73	
			<u> </u>			>	
\mathbf{C}	\mathbf{W}	rite sin	nilar sentences a	ccording	to the exa	mple.	
	Ex	ample:	It's easy to have	a healthy	lifestyle.		
			It's important to	eat a bal	anced diet.		
	1.	difficul	lt				
	2.	relaxin	g				
	3.	exciting	g				
	4.	funny _					
	5.	interes	ting				
Pa	rt 3						
A	Fil	ll in th	e blanks. Use t	he words	or phrases	in the bo	Χ.
	Α:	Are yo	ou tired?				
	В:	No, I'	m not tired. I ha	ve a <u>hea</u>	idache		
	Α:	A head	dache? Maybe yo	ı should ((1)	•	
	В:	But I l	have homework to	do.			

В

A: You should do it in the (2) .		
B: I can't sleep at night if I do			morning
A: You need to relax.	on t study.		stressed out
B: Do you think I have a head	lache hecause I'm (3)	9	lie down
A: Yes, I do. Maybe you sho			music
		·	favorite
B: I'd like that. Would you p		\1	headache 🗸
A: Here's my (5)			
B: Thanks. I feel great now.		to drink!	
Choose the best answers for		4 1171	T 1 (TD +)
My health usually seems	_		
every morning I feel 2			
All day at work I have this			
around 5:30, I have a good dinr			
paper. But I often fall asleep(人	睡) in my chair and slee	ep5 8:30	-9:30.
When I wake up I feel wo	onderful and I would l	ike to do a day's	work. But at that
hour6 is nothing to	do but watch TV. So I	I watch TV until	midnight.
Even at midnight(半夜) I	still don't feel sleepy(困倦),but I know	y I 7 get a
good night's8 , so I	take some sleeping pill	s(安眠药) and ge	t to bed. It's often
two o'clock in the9	before the pills put me	to sleep. Just a fe	ew hours after that
I have to get up to go to	10 All day I feel	too tired to work.	
()1. A. problem	B. question	C. matter	
()2. A. happy	B. boring	C. tired	
()3. A. Because	B. When	C. So	
()4. A. read	B. see	C. look at	
()5. A, after	B. before	C. until	
()6. A. it	B. there	C. here	
()7. A. would	B. should	C. can	
()8. A. rest	B. work	C. study	
()9. A. morning	B. afternoon	C. evening	
()10. A. sleep	B. rest	C. work	

Part 4 Read the following letter and choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

Dear Lin Fei,

I usually live a healthy lifestyle. I eat a balanced diet and I exercise a lot. I like to play soccer and basketball with my friends. I usually feel healthy and happy.

But right now things are different because I'm so busy. I'm studying a lot. I want to go to college in two years and I have to take some difficult courses. I also need money so I have a job every day after school. I don't have time to exercise or relax, and I eat a lot of junk food.

I'm having some problems at school because I don't have time to do the homework for all my classes. Some of my classes are OK. For example, I enjoy my French conversation class. There isn't much homework for the class, and I'm good at learning languages. But I'm having problems in my history class and my chemistry class. My history teacher gives us a lot of homework. We have to read a lot of pages in our history book every night. The problem is, I don't have time to do all the reading. And chemistry is difficult for me. I don't like chemistry, and sometimes I don't understand my teacher.

So right now, I'm tired and I'm stressed out. I can't sleep very well at night because I worry about my classes. And I sometimes get headaches. Right now I have a cold, too.

Do you have any advice for me? What should I do? Should I quit my job after class? Should I change my diet? In China, you talk about *yin* foods and *yang* foods. Should I eat more *yin* foods or more *yang* foods? Or should I just study more?

Please write soon.

Best wishes,

Paul

- 1. Paul (is/isn't) studying hard.
- 2. Paul (plays soccer/works) every day.
- 3. Paul like his (French/chemistry) class.
- 4. Paul has a lot of homework in his (French/history) class.
- 5. Paul is tired, and he (sleeps/doesn't sleep) very well.
- 6. Paul sometimes gets (headaches/toothaches).
- 7. Paul is asking his friend for (advice/news).

Part 5	Write a	conversation	about	some	health	problems	and	the	advice.	Use	the
words gi	ven.										

ld, headache, so	re throat, tired	d, drink, se	e a doctor		

Unit 3

I'll help to clean up the city parks.

Section A

P	irt 1 Fill in the blanks with the correct words,
1.	Many people died of (饥饿) in the old days.
2.	He gives out(通知) after school.
3.	The kind man always helps the s kids in the hospital.
4.	Which of the following smeans "NO SMOKING"?
	They are very l We should listen to them and care for them.
6.	That girl wanted to do it a
7.	You could v in an after-school study program to teach kids.
8.	You could ask hospitals to let you visit the kids and c them up.
9.	They decided to h out notices to tell the students about the talent show.
10	. We can try to <u>r</u> some money for homeless people next weekend.
Pa	art 2 Fill in the blanks. Use the correct forms of the phrases in the box.
	come up with give out write down put off call up clean up set up cheer up helpwith put up
1.	Be quiet, please. I'll your test papers.
	Don't go out. You should your room first.
	Use your head, and you'll a good idea.
	Tom and tell him to come here tomorrow.
5.	The government has raised a lot of money to a new hospital.
	They come here to the sick children in the hospital.
7.	Would you mind helping me the poster?
8.	If you want to join us, please your name here.
	Tom often me my English.
10	. Don't correcting your mistakes in the homework.
Pa	art 3
A	Complete the sentences. Use the correct forms of the verbs given.
	1. Would you like (clean) up the city parks?
	2. Could you please (give) out food?
	3. Two weeks (be) enough for us.

4. V	Ve ca	n't put off	_ (make) a pla	n.			
5. T	hey	(set) up	a food bank nex	xt year.			
6. F	le sp	ent about two hours	(do) his h	omework.		
7. I	t tool	k him about two hours	(do) his	homework.		
8. T	here	(be) gre	eat changes in o	ur coun	try since 197	9.	
9. I	volu	nteer my time	(help) old	ł people			
10.	He _	(plan) to	finish the work	in five	days.		
Cho	ose t	he best answers.					
() 1.	Not only I but also T	om and Jack _		interested i	n E	nglish because
		useful.					
		A. is; is B.	is; are	C. are	e; is	D.	are; are
()2.	The young man broke	his arm in the a	accident	and had to _		his job.
		A. send up B.	put up	C. giv	re up	D.	get up
()3.	Teachers often tell us	pens i	n class.	We should	be _	to liste
		to them.	/_ K/				
		A. not to play; careful	l enough	B. no	t to play with	n; c	areful enough
		C. not to play with; ca	arefully enough	D. no	t to play witl	h; e	nough careful
()4.	Now I spend time		ve to do			-
		A. do B.		C. to		D.	doing
()5.	of the childre		and so	me paper.	*	
		A. Each B.	All	C. Ev	ery	D.	Some
()6.	Tony could help	the city par	ks.			
		A. clean B.			_	D.	cleans up
()7.						
		A. could B.	would	C. sho	ould		
()8.	—Would you help me	, Mr.	Lin? T	his question'	s to	o hard for me.
		—OK. Let me try.	•				
		A. after B.		C. up			with
()9.	My elder sister	a way to wo			blen	n .
		A. thought			across		
		C. came up with			nt through		
()10	. —I'd like to work out		unteer	work could I	do?	
		—You could					
		A. visit sick kids in h	_		p kids with		
		C. sing songs for the	old	D. he.	lp clean up tl	he c	ity parks
		nplete the sentences.					
他不信	又去立	过加拿大,而且还认识许多					
		has he b	peen to Canada,				

2.	因为下雨,他们推迟了运动会。			
	They	_ the sports meeting		the rain.
3.	这家工厂创办于 1999 年。			
	The factory	in 19	99.	
4.	我们需要想出一些好方法。			
	We to	up with some good ideas	s.	
5.	你认为我能做什么样的志愿者工	作?		
		do you think I		?
6.	Mario 相信那可以帮助他得到未	来理想的工作。		
	Mario it can help	him		
7.	我们班在想新办法来激励那些生	病的孩子,因为他们经常很想	 医观。	
	Our class is	new ideas to		because
	they			
8.	我想把到动物医院工作的计划推	迟到明年夏天。		
	I m	y plan to work		_ until next summer.
9.	很多老年人很孤独,所以我们应该	亥倾听他们、关心他们。		
	Many old people,	so we should	_ and	7/
10	. 他们要求你在哪些方面帮忙了?	X		
	What they			
			— — — .	

Part 5 Read the passage and choose the best answers.

Are you carrying too much on your back to and from school? I'm sure lots of children of your age will say "Yes." Not only the students in China have this problem, but children in the United States also have heavy schoolbags.

Doctors are starting to worry that younger and younger students are having back and neck problems as a result of schoolbags being too heavy for them.

"It's hard for me to go upstairs with my bag because it's so heavy," said Rick Hammond, an 11-year-old student in the US.

Rick is among students who have common schoolbags with two straps (带子) to carry them, but many other students choose rolling (有滚轮的) bags.

But even with rolling bags, getting up stairs and buses is still a problem for children. Many of them hurt their backs and necks because of the heavy schoolbags.

But how much is too much? Doctors say students should carry no more than 10% to 15% of their own body weight (重量).

Scott Bautch, a back doctor, said children under Grade 4 should stay with 10%. But it is also important that older children don't stay with over 15%, because their bodies are still growing. "Children are losing their balance (平衡) and falling down with their schoolbags," he said.

Parents and teachers are starting to tell children to only take home library books they will be reading that night. Some teachers are using pieces of paper or thin workbooks for students to take home.

	One	e of the best answers is, as some children said, to have no homework at all!
()1	. From the passage we know that
		A. only children in China carry too heavy schoolbags
		B. children in other countries don't carry too heavy bags
		C. both children in China and the US carry too heavy schoolbags
		D. only children in the US carry too heavy schoolbags
()2	. Children feel it hard for them to go upstairs because
		A. they are too young
		B. their schoolbags are too heavy
		C. they don't know how to go upstairs
		D. their parents don't always go upstairs with them together
()3	. If a child carries a heavy schoolbag,
		A. his back and neck will be hurt
		B. his head and arms will be hurt
		C. his hands will be hurt
		D. his feet will be hurt
()4	. According to the doctor, Scott Bautch, if a child in Grade 5 weighs about 30 kilos,
		the schoolbag he carries should not be over
		A. 5 kilos C. 5.5 kilos D. 4.5 kilos
()5	. Some students think the best answer to the problem is that
		A. they should have a little homework to do after they get home
		B. their teachers had better not ask them to do any homework
		C. they should only take home library books they will read that night
		D. they should use thin workbooks instead of thick ones
(
	Secti	on
9	В	
Pa	rt 1	
A	Fill	in the blanks with the correct words.
		Γhe(方法,策略) is quite good.
	2. I	My watch is broken, so I ask my father to <u>r</u> it.
	3.	This volunteer work takes each of them a few hours a week, so it is a major
		<u> </u>
	4.]	have <u>r</u> out of my money.
		Lucy and Lily are twins, so they are (相似) in many ways.
		He is a (able) boy. It's difficult for him to swim quickly.
		The man can't see anything because he's <u>b</u> .
	8. (Go and(去拿) my book for me, please.
	9.	You can (想象)how strange it is.

	10.	—Could you help me	to move it?		
	-	—With(plea	ase).		
В	Com	plete the sentences.	Use the correct fo	orms of the verbs	given.
	1. H	Iis job is	_ (hand) out adverti	sements.	
	2. F	He often	_ (help) those ho	meless people. He	thinks
	(]	help) others is great.			
	3. I	can't go swimming th	is Sunday because I l	nave a lot of bikes _	(fix) up.
	4. S	omething is wrong wi	th my bike. I'll have	it (f	ix) up tomorrow.
	5. E	veryone, including my	y parents,	(be) going to b	e at the party.
Pa	rt 2	Choose the best ans	swers.		
()1.	I'll some c	lothes to charity beca	ause they are too sn	nall for me.
		A. take after		B. hang out	
		C. give away		D. put off	
()2.	The girl he	er mother. I know h	er mother likes read	ling, too.
		A. takes after	B. similar	C. looks after	D. takes care
()3.	If you get there, ple	ase		MX.
		A. call us out	B. call up us	C. call us in	D. call us up
()4.	—Clean-up Day is co			
		—We could	advertisements after	er school.	
		A. call up	B. hand out	C. put off	D. think up
()5.	My new dress is sim	ilar the one	e you have.	
		A. like	B. as	C. in	D. to
()6.	I lost my keys. I have		/ 1	
		A. looked			D. found out
()7.	He works			
		A. at		C. with	D. along
()8.	The strategies that h			
		A. at	B. on	C. out	D. with
Pa	rt 3				
A	Rew	rite the sentences as	s required.		
	1. H	Ie told the teachers at	school about his pro	<u>blem</u> .(对画线部分	·提问)
	_		he tell the teac	hers at school abou	t?
	2. I	need to look up the w	ord in the dictionary	. (改为一般疑问句	
		you			ctionary?
		he mother and the da			
		`he daughter			
		He can speak English.			
		He can speak			French.
	5 V	Who can do the work?	Do you think? (合并	: 为一句)	

			?
	6.	Tom is ill in hospital. I'd like to make him happy. (改为同义句])
		Tom is ill in hospital. I'd like to him	
	7.	The sports meeting will be put off because it is raining. (改为原	司义句)
		The sports meeting will be put off	the rain.
В	Co	omplete the sentences according to the Chinese.	
	1.	他们的纸用完了。	
		They have the paper.	
	2.	他长得像他爸爸。	
		He his father.	
	3.	我把自行车捐给了一个"儿童之家"。	
		Ι	_a Children's Home.
	4.	你知道谁昨天在校门口分发广告?	
		do you know	at the school
		gate yesterday?	
	5.	建立这个组织是为帮助象我这样丧失能力的人的。	MX.
		The group help	me.
	6.	想象一下你不能走路或者你的手不能轻松自如地用。	
		you can't walk	
	7.	因为您的善心我才能够拥有一个"狗狗助手"。	
		I'm only "dog-helper"	·
	8.	Mario 每个周六上午在一所动物医院志愿服务。	
		Mario Saturday morning.	
	9.	我可以做我喜欢做的事同时又帮助其他人。	
		I and). 他的一个朋友愿意帮他度过难关。	
	10		
		would like	

Part 4 Read the passage and complete the statements.

Malls are popular places for Americans. Some people spend so much time at malls that they are called "mall rats". Mall rats shop until they drop in the hundreds of stores.

People like malls for many reasons. They feel safe because malls have police stations, parking (停车) is usually free, and the weather inside is always fine. The newest malls have beautiful rest places and large green trees.

The largest mall in the United States is the Mall of America in Minnesota. It covers 4.2 million square feet. It has 350 stores, 8 nightclubs and a large park. There are parking spaces for 12,750 cars. About 750,000 people shop there every week.

The first indoor mall in the United Stated was built in 1965 in Edina, Minnesota. People liked doing all their shopping in one place, so more malls were built around the country. Now malls are like city centers where people come to do many things. They shop, of course, and

they also eat in food courts (广场) that serve (提供) food from all over the world. They see films at theaters. Some people even get their exercise by doing the new sport of "mall walking". Others go to malls to meet friends.

In some malls people can see a doctor and even go to church. In other words, people can
almost do everything in malls. Now people can live in their favorite shopping center in fact.
1. In the passage "mall" means
2. People like malls because they feelthere.
3. The largest mall in the United States covers
4. Americans built the first in Edina, Minnesota in 1965.
5. Every week go to the largest mall to shop.
Part 5 Read the passage and fill in the blanks with the correct form of the words in
the box.
forget bring mend beside luck pick same differently I every stop each
Mr. Brown had an umbrella shop in a small town. People sometimes (1) him broken umbrellas, and then he took them to a big shop in London. They were (2) there. One day Mr. Brown went to London by train. He (3) to take an umbrella with him that day. Sitting in front of him was a man with an umbrella standing (4) the seat. When the train arrived in London, Mr. Brown (5) up the umbrella as he often did during his journey by train. Just as he was getting off, he was (6) by the man. He said angrily, "That's (7)!" Mr. Brown's face turned red and he gave i back to the man at once. When Mr. Brown got to the big shop, the shopkeeper had got his six umbrellas ready. After a good look at (8) of them, he said, "You've mended them very well." In the afternoon he got into the train again. The (9) man was in the same seat. He looked at Mr. Brown and his six umbrellas, "You've had a (10) day," he said. Part 6 Do you like helping others? If you have a chance to be a volunteer, wha
kind of volunteer work will you do? Why? (60—80 words)

Self-assessment Test 2

(100分)

Part	1	Choose the best answe	rs.	(20分)				
()1.	We went to our teacher.	. Н	e gave us	•			
		A. some advice	В.	advices	C.	an advice	D.	some advices
()2.	—What's the matter		Jane?				
		—She has a bad cold.						
		A. in	В.	with	C.	at	D.	on
()3.	—I have a toothache.		- X-Y				
		—You should	•					~
		A. have a good sleep		KIT	В.	see a dentist	7	
		C. drink hot water	X		D.	play basketball	7	
()4.	—Can you go to the ma	11 v	ith me this Sund	lay?			
		—, because I	av	e to babysit my s	siste	r.		
		A. Sure	В.	No	C.	Yes	D.	Sorry
()5.	I didn't expect	ar	ything enjoyable	at	all.		
		A. saw	В.	see	C.	seeing	D .	to see
()6.	—What's your	?			5 1		
		—I like swimming.						
		A. hobby	В.	name	C.	age	D .	habit
()7.	No one knows	in	the future.				
		A. what will be happen		•	В.	what will happen		
		C. what will it happen			D.	what it will happ	en	
()8.	— <u> </u>						
		—I have a headache.						
		A. What's the matter,	Jud	У	В.	Where are you, J	udy	
		C. What's the matter w	rith	Judy	D.	What are you do	ng,	Judy
()9.	Can you look at the		and tell me tl	ne a	ctivities?		
		A. menu	В.	calendar	C.	clock	D.	phone
()10	. —Sam, do you know i	f A	lice to	my	party the next day	7?	
		—I think she will com-	e if	she fre	ee.			
		A. comes; is			В.	comes; will be		
		C. will come; is			D.	will come; will b	e	
()11	to college is	the	most important	thin	g in Henry's life.		

		A. Going	B. Go	C. Went	D. Goes
()12.	We should not eat	junk food		
		A. too many	B. too much	C. many too	D. much too
()13.	The good news of our	football team w	inning the game	everybody there.
		A. cheered out	B. cheered up	C. cheered on	D. cheered for
()14.	—I have a sore throat.			
		—You should drink he	ot tea l	noney.	
		A. on	B. in	C. with	D. at
()15.	Thanks a lot for	me	_ your house.	
		A. invite; for		B. invite; to	
		C. inviting; for		D. inviting; to	
()16.	Let's plantin	g the trees until	tomorrow. I think it	's going to rain.
		A. put on	B. put up	C. put off	D. put down
()17.	—Tom wants to know	if you will have	a picnic tomorrow.	
		—Yes. But if it			
		A. will rain	B. rained	C. is raining	D. rains
()18.	—What do you think			, X-Y
		—I think they won't		he work like humans.	
		A. can	B. like	C. able to	D. be able to
()19.	Walt Disney made 87		_, so he became	·
		A. successful; success		B. successfully;	successfully
		C. successful; success		D. successfully;	successful
()20.	What if they	to the		
		A. will happen; go		B. will happen;	
		C. will be happening;	will go	D. will be happe	ened; go
Pa		Vocabulary (15 分)			
A		n the blanks with the			
		ery year they send one			
		v Chinese friends tell m		for "hot pot	".
		ease <u>a</u> my invit			
		ere is a s It s			
		ary is writing an a			
		sterday I had a bad <u>c</u>			
		nerica is a great country			
		e(相信) he wi			,
		you have a cold, you w	ill go to the doct	or and the doctor will	take your <u>t</u>
	firs		1 2.	1.	
D		om looks unhappy. Wh			v. \
В		n the blanks with the	correct form o	of the words given. (b 分)
	1. —I	I have a toothache.			

	—You should(see) a dentist.
	2. I hope(watch) the action movie one day.
	3. I'm looking forward to(hear) from you soon.
	4. The students will go to the Summer Palace if it (not rain) tomorrow.
	5. I made a(decide) to study harder than before this year.
Pa	rt 3 Complete the sentences according to the Chinese. (15 分)
1.	动画片在美国文化中是一个非常著名的标志。
	A cartoon is one very in American culture.
	除非我们向别人倾诉,否则我们会感觉更糟糕。
	we talk to someone, we'll certainly
3.	你不应该来学校太晚。
	You come to school
4.	这些词都很重要,请把它们记下来。
	These words are all very important, please!
	彼得可以分发食物给无家可归的人们。
	Peter could food at a food bank to help homeless people.
6.	你可以跟他谈谈,帮他走出目前的困境。
	You can him by with him.
7.	"你弟弟怎么了?""他打篮球伤了手。"
	— your brother?
	—Hehis hand basketball.
	如果你成为狮子队的成员,你将环游世界。
	If you become a Lion, you will
	Aron 告诉我们掌握自己生命的重要性。
	Aron tells of the of of one's life.
10.	你知道谁在校门口分发广告了吗?
_	Do you know who at the school gate?
Pa	rt 4 Cloze test (10 分)
	"I don't like my parents. They always tell me I should this, and shouldn't do
tha	t. It often makes me unhappy," said Zhang Li, a middle school student.
	Do you have the same problem 2 Zhang Li? Why aren't some parents so
_	
c	On the one hand, parents do a lot for you. They worry about your choice of friends, the
	d you eat and your study at school. 4 these things are part of your life. Don't
bla	me(责备) them. They want you to5 up healthily and happily.
	On the other hand, you 6 introduce your friends to your parents. Let them
	7 you are making good friends. 8 them if you stay outside 9 than
	al. Don't always argue 10 them. Talk about your ideas with them. You'll under-
	nd them when you become a parent in the future.
()1. A. study B. make C. do D. learn

()2. A. about	B. as	C. like	D. to
()3. A. friendly	B. unpleasant	C. scared	D. busy
()4. A. Both	B. Whole	C. All	D. Every
()5. A. stay	B. wake	C. keep	D. grow
()6. A. shouldn't	B. should	C. must	D. needn't
()7. A. know	B. look	C. think	D. find
()8. A. Surprise	B. Remember	C. Call	D. Talk
()9. A. early	B. late	C. earlier	D. later
()10. A. with	B. for	C. in	D. on

Part 5 Reading comprehension (20分)

A

On a Friday morning, it was a composition lesson. David's English teacher Mr. Wang said, "We will have a long summer vacation in two weeks. What will you do during your summer vacation, boys and girls? Please write a composition about your summer vacation plan." The students didn't speak. They all thought and wrote about their vacation plans.

But David didn't write. After Mr. Wang's words, he lost himself into his thoughts about his wonderful vacation. "That is very easy. I will go to my grandpa's home. At his home I can get up late in the morning. When I get up, I will go to the small river with Grandpa. We can catch many big fish there. It will be very interesting. There are many children in that village. I can play with them. We will go swimming in the river on sunny days. It will be great fun. I like to play sports. In the afternoon, I will climb the mountain near my grandpa's home. I can see many birds, trees and flowers. I can..."

While David was dreaming, Mr. Wang said, "David, give your composition to me now." But David didn't write a word.

()1.	What day was that day?	4X			
		A. Monday.		В.	Tuesday.	
		C. Friday.		D.	Saturday.	
()2.	How soon will the summer va	cation come?			
		A. In half a month.		В.	In one week.	
		C. In a month.		D.	In two months.	
()3.	David's grandpa lives	_•			
		A. in a city		В.	in a town	
		C. on a farm		D.	in a village	
()4.	What is the meaning of the wo	ord "compositi	on"	in Chinese?	
		A. 作文 B. 演	讲	С.	比赛	D. 考试
()5.	Why did not David write a wo	rd when the te	eacl	ner asked him for	the composition?
		A. Because he couldn't write.				
		B. Because he lost himself into	o his vacation.			
		C. Because he wouldn't have a	a vacation.			
		D. Because he didn't want to	write			

In Canada and the United States, people enjoy entertaining (请客) at home. They often invite friends over for a meal, a party, or just for a coffee and conversation.

Here are the kinds of things people say when they invite someone to their home:

"Would you like to come over for dinner Saturday night?"

"Hey, we're having a party on Friday. Can you come?"

To reply to an invitation, either say thank you and accept, or say you're sorry, and give an excuse:

"Thanks, I'd love to. What time would you like me to come?" or "Oh, sorry, I've tickets for a movie."

Sometimes, however, people use expressions that sound like invitations but which are not real invitations. For example:

"Please come over for a drink sometime."

"Why not get together for a party sometime?"

"Why don't you come over and see us sometime soon?"

They are really just polite ways of ending a conversation. They are not real invitations because they don't mention a specific (确定的) time or date. They just show that the person is trying to be friendly. To reply to expressions like these, people just say "Sure, that would be great!" or "OK, yes, thanks."

So next time when you hear what sounds like an invitation, listen carefully: Is it a real invitation or is the person just being friendly?

- ()6. Why do Canadians and Americans often invite friends for meals at home?
 - A. Because they can save time.
 - B. Because they can spend less money.
 - C. Because they enjoy entertaining at home.
 - D. Because they have modern and beautiful house.
- ()7. Which of the following is a real invitation?
 - A. "If you are free, let's go for a dinner sometime."
 - B. "Please go to the cinema with me someday."
 - C. "Would you like to have a cup of tea with us sometime?"
 - D. "I've two tickets here. Can you go to the movie with me?"
- ()8. If people say "Let's get together for lunch some day", you just say " "
 - A. That would be nice.
 - B. How about this weekend?
 - C. Oh, sorry. I'm very busy.
 - D. That's great. I'll be there on time.
- ()9. People use "an unreal invitation" in order to (为了) show that
 - A. they're trying to be friendly
 - B. they're trying to be helpful
 - C. they're trying to make friends with others

天后的套练习加 七十级下加 ————————————————————————————————————
Date have a set of feet and
D. they haven't got ready for a party yet
()10. The passage is mainly about
A. entertainment at home
B. real invitations or not
C. expressions of starting a conversation
D. ways of ending a conversation
C
KIDS is a charity group. It is to help disabled children to live a better life. It was estab-
lished in 1970 by John Mulcahy, a teacher who cared for a disabled child in one of his classes.
John wanted to improve communication with this child and asked for help from the child's
mother. This, in turn, established the KIDS idea: working together with parents to help dis-
abled kids to develop their skills and to achieve their hopes and dreams.
KIDS works to find out disabled children's interests and what they are really good at,
and then helps them to live as <u>normal</u> people and make their dreams come true. Over the past
42 years, KIDS has helped many children. Now it is the UK's largest charity group that help
disabled children.
Today, KIDS has more experts to provide services for over 6,000 disabled children and
their families through its projects.
Education for under-fives
KIDS has many teaching materials, and helps parents to be the most important teachers
of their children.
Play
Disabled children may find it is difficult to join healthy kids' clubs. KIDS provides kinds
of play and sports activities for disabled children from 5 to 19 years old.
Information
KIDS gives parents of disabled kids advice and information, helping them to get on well
with their children.
()11. KIDS is a charity group that helps disabled children to
A 1

A. get better grades B. improve their lives C. learn more things D. get along well with others ()12. What did John do to improve communication with a disabled child in his class? A. He set up a charity group. B. He offered much money to the child. C. He asked the child's mother for help. D. He worked with a charity organization.)13. The underlined word "normal" means " " in Chinese. (A. 正常的 B. 健康的 C. 特殊的 D. 聪明的)14. According to the passage, it may be difficult for disabled kids to ___ (A. help parents in trouble B. join healthy kids' clubs

D. get on well with others

C. work with their parents

- ()15. Which statement is TRUE according to the passage?
 - A. John was a teacher who taught disabled kids.
 - B. Many students in John's classes were disabled.
 - C. KIDS also teaches disabled kids how to do sports.
 - D. KIDS is now the largest charity group in the UK helping disabled kids.

D

"Dreams may be more important than sleep. We all need to dream," some scientists say. Dreams take up about one quarter of our sleeping time. People have several dreams each night. Dreams are like short movies. They are usually on color. Some dreams are like old movies. They come to us over and over again. That may be because the dreamer is worrying about something. Dreaming may be aware of trying to find an answer. Some people get new ideas about their work from dreams. They may think about their work all day. These ideas can carry over onto dreams.

Sometimes we wake up with a good feeling from a dream. But often we can't remember the dream. The dreams can go away quickly from memory.

Too much dreaming can be harmful. The more we sleep, the longer we dream. The mind is hard at working when we dream. That's why we may have a long sleep and still wake up tired.

根据短文内容回答下面的问题。

16. Do we have several dreams each night?

17. Are dreams and movies usually in color?

18. Why do people often dream about their work?

19. Do people always remember their dreams clearly?

20. What does the story mainly tell us?

Part 6 Complete the dialogue with the sentences given. (5 分)

20. What does the story mainly tell us?
Part 6 Complete the dialogue with the sentences given. (5分)
A: Hello, Alex!1
B: I'm going to put on the poster (海报) on the wall.
A: A poster?
B: We are going to have a class party.
A:2
B: At half past six tomorrow evening,
A. Oh, great!3
B: I think I'm going to wear my school clothes.
A: I'm going to wear my jeans to the party4
B: I think if you do so, the teachers won't let you in.

A: Well. I'll wear my school clothes, too5
B: See you!
A. What are you going to do at the party?
B. See you then!
C. What will happen if I wear jeans?
D. When is it going to be?
E. What are you going to do?
F. Thank you!
G. But what kind of clothes are you going to wear?
Part 7 Writing (15 分)
假期里你打算做些什么呢?请写一篇80个词左右的短文,介绍你的假期计划。
MX.
12 N



义务教育教科书(五•四学制)

英语配套练习册 七年级下册

主要参考答案及提示

Unit 1 Do you want to watch a game show?

Section A

Part 1

- A 1. educational 2. sitcoms
 - 3. discussion 4. expects
 - 5. planned/plans
 - 6. stand 7. happened 8. jokes
- C 1. What do you think of, don't mind them
 - 2. do you want to watch
 - 3. can't stand, operas
 - 4. did you do in class
 - 5. Do, want to watch the; I don't
 - 6. do you, to watch
 - 7. can you learn, comedies
 - 8. do you, to watch sports shows

Section B

Part 1

- A 1. meaningless 2. culture
 - 3. cartoon 4. appears 5. famous
 - 6. main 7. ready 8. army
- C 1. famous symbol in American culture, a cartoon
 - 2. When this cartoon came out, was the first cartoon with sound and music
 - 3. can't stand
 - 4. was always ready to try his best
 - 5. Most of, wanted to be like

Part 2

A 1—5 BBCBB 6—10 BCCAC 11—15 ABCAC

Unit 2 I'm going to study computer science.

Section A

Part 1

- A 1. computer 2. engineer 3. team
 - 4. violinist 5. articles 6. pianist
 - 7. reporter 8. medicine
- **B** 1. to grow 2. are 3. articles
 - 4. cooking 5. universities
- **D** 1. are you going to be, grow up
 - 2. going to be
 - 3. How are, going to do that
 - 4. am going to study math
 - 5. Not everyone knows, want to be
 - 6. make sure you try your best
 - 7. are you going to start
 - 8. are you going to work

Section B

- **A** 1. resolutions 2. promise
 - 3. subject 4. foreign
 - 5. healthy 6. discuss
 - 7. hobbies 8. meaning
- C 1. What are you going to do
 - 2. I decide to learn
 - make resolutions at the beginning of the new year, we are going to improve our lives
 - 4. How are, going to do this
 - 5. there are differences, have one thing in common

Part 2

A 1—5 DCABA 6—10 CBCCD

Unit 3 Will people have robots?

Section A

Part 1

- A 1. Robots 2. buildings 3. use
 - 4. Everything 5. plan/prediction
 - 6. planning/predicting
 - 7. college 8. pollution
- 1. think there will be robots in people's homes in the future, there will
 - 2. will the future be like
 - 3. will be more pollution, will be fewer Part 2
 - 4. Will, use money in 100 years; won't
 - 5. will study at home on computers
 - 6. should play a part in saving the earth
 - 7. will be in great danger

Part 2

C 1—5 DBCBD

Section B

Part 1

- 1. rockets 2. fell 3. astronaut
 - 4. apartment 5. may
 - 6. dangerous 7. win
 - 8. disagreed/disagrees
 - 9. flying 10. factories
- C 1. boring, bored 2. impossible
 - 3. believes 4. shapes
 - 5. disagrees
 - 6. swim/swimming
 - 7. scientists 8. comfortable
 - 9. true 10. predictions

Part 2

A 1—5 AACDA 6—10 ABADA

Part 3

1—5 ACDBB 6—10 DDCDA

Part 4

1—4 DABB

How do you make a banana Unit 4 milk shake?

Section A

Part 4

A 1—4 EDAC

1—5 CACCC

Section B

Part 1

- A 1. tomatoes 2. chicken 3. finally
 - 4. sandwich 5. butter 6. traditional
 - 7. celebrate 8. cover 9. serve
 - 10. temperature

A 1—5 BCABA 6—10 CCBCD

Part 4

1—5 CDDCB 6—10 ABDCD

Self-assessment Test 1

Part 1

1—5 BAACB 6—10 BABAD

11—15 DCBCA 16—20 ACCDA

Part 2

- A 1. pollution 2. reasons 3. human
 - 4. England 5. improve 6. factory
 - 7. machines 8. relationship 9. finally
 - 10. cook
- **B** 1. more educational 2. buildings
 - 3. impossible 4. successful
 - scientist

- 1. the first, with
- 2. made, resolutions
- 3. How much, do
- 4. will study, on
- 5. in the future
- 6. How, celebrate Thanksgiving
- 7. hard, get
- 8. are, going to be, grow up
- 9. is ready to

10. will help, dangerous places

Part 4

1—5 AACDC 6—10 ADBBC

Part 5

1—5 CBBCA 6—10 CADBD

11—15 AACDA 16. TF 17. B 18. C

19. 他们的中国朋友将带领他们参观北京。

20. The whole trip will take three weeks.

Part 6

1—5 DBEAC

Unit 5 Can you come to my party?

Section A

Part 1

- C 1. Can you come to; have to prepare, study for the English test
 - 2. I have too much homework
 - 3. Can she go to the baseball; she's not available
 - 4. are going to meet/visit
 - 5. Can you go to; I'd love to
 - 6. are, planning to do
 - 7. will, finish your science homework
 - 8. going to the movies with
 - 9. Are, free to come to school

Part 4

A 1—5 ACDBC 6—10 BBAAD

Section B

Part 1

- A 1. weekday 2. invitation 3. available
 - 4. without 5. forward

Part 2

A 1—5 ACCDA 6—10 BDBCB

Unit 6 If you go to the party, you'll have a great time!

Section A

Part 1

- **A** 1. meeting 2. organize
 - 3. upset/unhappy 4. advice

5. video 6. chocolate

Part 3

- 1. is a good, to have a
- 2. are too lazy to
- 3. ask the students to bring food, will just bring potato
- 4. have the party, half the class won't
- 5. wear jeans to the party, will look the worst
- 6. give me some advice

Part 4

1—5 CBAAC 6—10 AAADA

Section B

Part 1

- A 1. agent 2. travel 3. themselves
 - 4. teenager 5. normal 6. Unless
 - 7. certainly 8. wallet 9. worry
 - 10. careless

Part 2

1—5 ACABD 6—10 ACACA

Unit 7 What's the matter?

Section A

Part 1

- C 1. What's the matter
 - 2. hurt herself playing
 - 3. Does, have a toothache
 - 4. should, do
 - 5. Should, put some medicine
 - 6. should take his temperature
 - 7. should go to, get an
 - 8. should drink some hot tea with

Section B

- A 1. knee(s) 2. medicine 3. situation
 - 4. problems 5. knife 6. importance
 - 7. decision 8. spirit
- C 1. What's wrong with, Does she have
 - 2. had, put her head back
 - 3. would have to do something to save

- good decisions
- 5. Did, cough too much; I did
- 6. lie down and rest for one or two days, take the medicine three times a day

Part 2

A 1—5 ABABB 6—10 CCBAC 11-13 ABC

Part 3

B 1—5 ACBAC 6—10 BBAAC

I'll help to clean up the city parks.

Section A

Part 1

- 1. hunger 2. notices 3. sick 4. signs
- 5. lonely 6. alone 7. volunteer 8. cheer
- 9. hand 10. raise

Part 3

CCBDA 6—10 BBBCD

Part 4

- 1. Not only, but also
- 2. put off, because of
- 3. was set up
- 4. need, come
- 5. What kind of volunteer work, can do
- 6. believes, (to) get his future dream job
- 7. trying to come up with some, cheer up the sick children, are often sad
- 8. want to put off, in an animal hospital

4. In this book, importance of making 9, are lonely, listen to them, care for them 10. did, ask you to help with

Part 2

1—5 CADBD 6—8 BAC

Self-assessment Test 2

Part 1

1--5 ABBDD 6—10 ABABC 11—15 ABBCD 16—20 CDDDA

Part 2

- A 1. volunteers 2. famous 3. accept
 - 4. sign 5. article 6. cold 7. culture
 - 8. believes 9. temperature 10. cheer
- **B** 1. see 2. to watch 3. hearing
 - 4. doesn't rain 5. decision

Part 4

1—5 CBACD 6—10

Part 5

1—5 CADAB

11—15 BCABD

- 16. Yes, we do. 17. Yes, they are.
- 18. Because they may think about their work all day.
- 19. No, they don't.
- 20. Dreams may be more important than sleep. We all need to dream.

Part 6

1-5 EDGCB